

LL.B.

Three Year (Six-Semester) Degree Course

SYLLABUS

(Choice Based Credit System)



**FACULTY OF LAW
M. G. KASHI VIDYAPITH
VARANASI - 221002
(U.P.)**

FACULTY OF LAW
MAHATMA GANDHI KASHI VIDYAPITH, VARANASI

**Ordinance and General Rules of LL.B. Three-Year (Six-Semester) Degree Course
(Choice-Based Credit System)**

Whereas it is essential to adopt and implement the **revised curriculum and regulations** as formulated and approved by the **Bar Council of India**, **Mahatma Gandhi Kashi Vidyapith, Varanasi**, has therefore resolved to introduce the **LL.B. Three-Year (Six-Semester) Degree Course of Study**, and to frame these ordinances accordingly.

These ordinances shall be effective **from the academic year 2009–2010, as amended on 30th April 2015**.

1. Award of Degree

The **Mahatma Gandhi Kashi Vidyapith** may confer the **Degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.)** upon such candidates who:

- Have been **duly admitted** to the LL.B. Three-Year Degree Course,
- Have received **regular instruction** in the prescribed curriculum,
- Have **undergone all required practical and clinical training**,
- Have **passed all prescribed examinations**, and
- Are deemed **fit in character and conduct**,
- And have fulfilled such **other conditions** as may be laid down by the University from time to time.

2. General Rules Regarding Admission

(As per Bar Council of India Rules and University Ordinances)

i) Mode of Admission:

Admission to the **LL.B. Three-Year (Six-Semester) Degree Programme** shall be conducted either:

- **On the basis of merit**, or
- **Through an entrance examination** conducted by the University.

ii) Eligibility Criteria (Academic Qualification):

Admission to the **First Semester** of the LL.B. programme shall be governed by the rules prescribed by the **Bar Council of India**. Accordingly:

- A candidate must have secured **not less than 45% marks** in the qualifying Bachelor's Degree Examination.
- A relaxation of 5% shall be provided to candidates belonging to **Scheduled Castes (SC)** and **Scheduled Tribes (ST)**.

iii) Recognised Qualifications:

An applicant who has obtained a graduate degree in any discipline from:

- A University established by an **Act of Parliament** or **State Legislature**, or
- A **Deemed University**, or
- A **Foreign University** recognized as equivalent by the competent authority,

may apply for admission to the LL.B. programme, provided the **Law Degree conferred by the University is recognized by the Bar Council of India** for the purpose of enrolment.

iv) Restriction on Simultaneous Enrolment:

The LL.B. programme is a **full-time professional degree course**.

- No candidate shall be permitted to pursue the LL.B. degree **simultaneously with any other graduate or postgraduate course**, whether from the same or any other university or institution.

v) Ineligibility for Direct Open University Graduates

Applicants who have obtained their graduation or post-graduation degrees **directly through an Open University system**

without having the minimum basic qualification required for such studies (such as 10+2), shall **not be eligible** for admission to the LL.B. course.

3. Curriculum Structure and Course Delivery

- a) The **curriculum of study** for the LL.B. Degree shall comprise of the courses as prescribed in **Schedule A**.
- b) The **detailed course content** for each paper shall be specified in **Schedule B**.
- c) The **Board of Studies in Law** shall have the authority to revise, update, or modify the course contents **as and when necessary**, subject to reporting and approval by the **Faculty Board of Law**.
- d) The curriculum for the **LL.B. Three-Year Degree Course** shall be spread over **three academic years**, divided into **six semesters**, namely:
 - First Semester
 - Second Semester
 - Third Semester
 - Fourth Semester
 - Fifth Semester
 - Sixth Semester

Each academic year shall comprise **two semesters**.

- e) Each semester shall consist of **not less than 15 weeks of instruction**, with a **minimum of 30 class-hours per week**, which shall include:
 - Lectures (minimum 24 hours/week as per BCI)
 - Tutorials
 - Moot Courts
 - Seminars

- Workshops
- Special Lectures

This is in accordance with the **Bar Council of India's prescribed teaching hours.**

- f) The **medium of instruction and examination** shall be either **English or Hindi**.
The student must indicate their **chosen medium** clearly in the examination form.

4. Course of Study

A candidate for the three-year LL.B. Degree course shall be required –

Rules Regarding Core and Optional Theory Papers

I. Core Theory Papers (Compulsory)

- (i) The LL.B. Three-Year Programme shall include **20 compulsory (core) theory papers** spread across six semesters.
- (ii) Each core paper carries **5 credits** (4 for theory + 1 for tutorial/practical), totalling **100 marks**.
- (iii) The subjects shall cover foundational areas of law such as:
 - Constitutional Law
 - Law of Contract
 - Jurisprudence
 - Family Law
 - Property Law
 - Labour Law
 - Criminal Law (BNS, BNSS)
 - CPC, Evidence, and others
- (iv) All core papers shall be evaluated through **university-conducted written examinations**.
- (v) To pass a core paper, the student must obtain:
 - **Minimum 36% marks in the individual paper**, and
 - **Minimum 45% marks in the aggregate** per semester.

II. Optional Theory Papers

- (i) The curriculum includes **6 optional theory papers**, out of which the student shall choose **any 2**, one each in the **Fifth and Sixth Semesters**.
- (ii) These optional papers allow academic flexibility and specialization in emerging or interdisciplinary areas such as:
 - Human Rights Law and Practice
 - Land Law and Land Revenue Code, 2006
 - Law of Intellectual Property
 - Banking Law
 - U.P. Panchayat Raj Act, 1947

- U.P. Municipalities Act, 1916

- (iii)) Each optional paper carries **4 credits (3+1)** and **100 marks** (same as core papers).
- (iv) Evaluation shall be based on a **written examination** only.
- (v) The credits earned from optional papers shall contribute to the **total degree credit requirement (150 credits)** and be considered for classification of the degree.

III. Assessment Pattern (As per 3+1 = 4 Credits = 100 Marks Structure)

Component	Credit Weight	Marks	Remarks
Theory (T)	3 Credits	75 Marks	University Exam (Final written exam of 3 hours)
Practical/Tutorial (P)	1 Credit	25 Marks	Internal assessment (includes class tests, projects, attendance, or activities + Viva (Jointly by Internal & External Examiner)
Total Per Subject	4 Credits	100 Marks	

Semester-wise Total

Semester	Subjects	Total Credits	Total Marks
I – VI	30	120	3000

5. Examination

I. Attendance Requirement

- a. Every regular student must maintain a **minimum of 75% attendance** in each subject (paper) to be eligible to appear in the semester-end examination.
- b. The minimum attendance requirement may be **relaxed to 66%** on valid grounds such as:
 - Medical/health reasons
 - Other reasonable causes

Such relaxation shall be **recommended by the Dean** and **approved by the Vice-Chancellor** and shall apply only in exceptional cases.

II. Examination Scheme

- i) **End-semester examinations** shall be conducted after each semester of the three-year study programme.
- ii) A student registered in any semester shall be eligible to appear for the end-semester examination of that semester, subject to the **fulfilment of attendance criteria** prescribed by the Bar Council of India and the University.
- iii) The **mode of examination** shall include:
 - **Written examinations** for all theory and optional papers
 - **Practical/viva-voce examinations** for all clinical papers
 - **Internal and tutorial components** as part of continuous assessment
- iv) All examinations shall be held and regulated by the **University**.

III. Course Completion Timeline

- i) A candidate enrolled in the Three-Year LL.B. Degree Course must successfully **complete and pass all prescribed papers within a maximum span of six years** from the date of admission to the First Semester.

IV. Papers and Passing Criteria

- (i) A candidate shall be examined in the following:
 - **Total 30 papers** (28 Compulsory Theory Papers + 2 optional elected papers)
 - **28 Compulsory Theory Papers**
 - **6 Optional Theory Papers** (2 selected)
 - **1 Paper of General English and Legal Language**
 - **4 Clinical/Practical Papers**All papers shall carry **100 marks** each.
- (ii) A student must **pass all 30 papers**, including the **English and Legal Language** paper, with:
 - Minimum **36% marks in each paper**, and
 - Minimum **45% aggregate marks per semester**
- (iii) A student must pass **both the theory and practical components** of any subject that includes clinical or practical elements.
- (iv) Clinical papers shall be evaluated through:
 - Written examinations
 - Practical exercises
 - Viva-voce, as per course design and BCI regulations

V. Promotion Rules

- a. A student appearing in the First Semester Examination shall be **automatically promoted** to the Second Semester.
- b. Similarly, students shall be promoted from:
 - Second to Third Semester
 - Third to Fourth Semester
 - Fourth to Fifth Semester
 - Fifth to Sixth Semester
- c. Students who fail in one or more papers may appear as **back paper candidates** as per the **Rules of Promotion, Back Papers, and Improvement** outlined under relevant University regulations.

VI. Division and Classification

- i) Candidates who **secure 45% or more but less than 60%** in aggregate shall be placed in the **Second Division**.
- ii) Candidates who **secure 60% or above** in aggregate shall be placed in the **First Division**.

6. Rules of Promotion, Back Papers, and Improvement

(Applicable to LL.B. Three-Year (Six-Semester) Programme)

➤ Promotion Rules

i) **Attendance-Based Detention**

No student shall be promoted to the next semester if they have been **detained due to a shortage of attendance** as per university norms.

ii) **Promotion from First/Second to Third Semester**

A student shall be promoted to the **Third Semester** if they have secured:

- **Minimum 36% marks in each paper**, and
- **Minimum 45% marks in aggregate** in both the **First and Second Semesters**.

iii) **Promotion from Third/Fourth to Fifth Semester**

A student shall be promoted to the **Fifth Semester** if they have secured:

- **Minimum 36% marks in each paper**, and
- **Minimum 45% marks in aggregate** in both the **Third and Fourth Semesters**.

iv) **Automatic Progression (Odd to Even Semesters)**

Promotion shall be automatic from:

- **First to Second Semester**
- **Third to Fourth Semester**
- **Fifth to Sixth Semester**

Such progression does **not require passing all papers** but is subject to attendance compliance.

➤ **Back Paper Examination Rules**

v) Eligibility Due to Aggregate Shortfall

A student who has passed each paper with **36% marks**, but **fails to secure 45% aggregate** in a semester, may appear in **one back paper examination** in the next academic year.

vi) Limit on Back Papers

A student shall be allowed to appear in **only one back paper per semester**.

vii) Back Paper Eligibility with Aggregate Between 42–44%

If a student has:

- **Secured more than 36% in each paper**, and
- **Obtained 42% or more but less than 45% in aggregate**,

then they are eligible to appear in **one back paper** to improve the aggregate.

viii) Back Paper for One Failed Paper with 42% Aggregate

If a student has:

- **Failed or did not appear in one paper** in a semester, and
- **Obtained 42% or more in aggregate**,

then they are **eligible for a back paper examination** in that one subject.

➤ **Improvement Examination**

ix) Improvement Opportunities

Improvement examinations for LL.B. **Semesters I to VI** shall be conducted as per **University rules**.

7. Re-admission Rules

i) No re-admission shall be permitted in the following semesters under any circumstance:

- **First Semester**
- **Third Semester**
- **Fifth Semester**

ii) A student who has either failed to appear in an examination or failed the examination, but is otherwise **eligible to appear as an ex-student**, shall **not be readmitted as a regular student** in that semester.

8. Miscellaneous Provisions

- i) These ordinances shall be deemed to have come into **effect from the academic session 2011–2012**, to the extent of their applicability.
- ii) Any provision contained in the **earlier ordinances** that is **inconsistent or repugnant** to these current ordinances shall be deemed to be **null and void** and shall stand **deleted** with immediate effect.

SCHEDULE – A

(CURRICULUM)

LL.B. THREE-YEAR (SIX-SEMESTER) DEGREE COURSE OF STUDY

LL.B. First Semester

LL.B. 101	Paper – I	: Constitutional Law – I
LL.B. 102	Paper - II	: Law of Contract – I
LL.B. 103	Paper - III	: Law of Tort, including MV Accident and Consumer Protection Laws
LL.B. 104	Paper - IV	: Family Law – I (Hindu Law)
LL.B. 105	Paper - V	: Public International Law

LL.B. Second Semester

LL.B. 201	Paper – I	: Constitutional Law – II
LL.B. 202	Paper - II	: Law of Contract – II
LL.B. 203	Paper - III	: Family Law – II (Muslim Law)
LL.B. 204	Paper - IV	: Law of Crime – I (The Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita)
LL.B. 205	Paper - V	: General English and Legal Language

LL.B. Third Semester

LL.B. 301	Paper – I	: Jurisprudence
LL.B. 302	Paper - II	: Interpretation of Statutes and Principles of Legislation
LL.B. 303	Paper - III	: Company Law
LL.B. 304	Paper - IV	: Labour Law - I
LL.B. 305	Paper - V	: Property Law

LL.B. Fourth Semester

LL.B. 401	Paper – I	: Labour Law -II
LL.B. 402	Paper - II	: Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act.
LL.B. 403	Paper - III	: The Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023
LL.B. 404	Paper - IV	: Law of Crime – II (The Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita-2023)
LL.B. 405	Paper - V	: Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System (Clinical)

LL.B. Fifth Semester

LL.B. 501	Paper – I	: Administrative Law
LL.B. 502	Paper - II	: Environmental Law
LL.B. 503	Paper - III	: Penology & Victimology/
LL.B. 504	Paper - IV	: Pleading Drafting and Conveyancing (Clinical)

Elective Papers:

LL.B. 505-A	Paper – V	: Human Rights Law and Practice
LL.B. 505-B	Paper - V	: Land Law and Land Revenue Code, 2006
LL.B. 505-C	Paper - V	: Law of Intellectual Property

LL.B. Sixth Semester

LL.B. 601	Paper – I	: Principles of Taxation Law
LL.B. 602	Paper - II	: Copyright
LL.B. 603	Paper - III	: Alternative Dispute Resolution (Clinical)
LL.B. 604	Paper - IV	: Moot Court Exercise and Internship (Clinical)

Elective Papers:

LL.B. 605-A	Paper - V	: Banking Law
LL.B. 605-B	Paper - V	: U.P. Urban Buildings (Regulation of Letting, Rent and Eviction)
LL.B. 605-C	Paper - V	: The U.P. Municipalities Act 1916

LL.B. Credit & Marks Table (3+1 = 4 Credits = 100 Marks)

First Semester

Code	Subject	Credits (T+P)	Marks
LL.B. 101	Constitutional Law – I	3+1	100
LL.B. 102	Law of Contract – I	3+1	100
LL.B. 103	Law of Tort incl. MV Accidents & Consumer Protection	3+1	100
LL.B. 104	Family Law – I (Hindu Law)	3+1	100
LL.B.105	Public International Law	3+1	100
Total		20	500

Second Semester

Code	Subject	Credits (T+P)	Marks
LL.B. 201	Constitutional Law – II	3+1	100
LL.B. 202	Law of Contract – II	3+1	100
LL.B. 203	Family Law – II (Muslim Law)	3+1	100
LL.B. 204	Law of Crime – I (Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita)	3+1	100
LL.B. 205	General English & Legal Language	3+1	100
Total		20	500

Third Semester

Code	Subject	Credits (T+P)	Marks
LL.B. 301	Jurisprudence	3+1	100
LL.B. 302	Interpretation of Statutes & Principles of Legislation	3+1	100
LL.B. 303	Company Law	3+1	100
LL.B. 304	Labour Law – I	3+1	100
LL.B.305	Property Law	3+1	100
Total		20	500

Fourth Semester

Code	Subject	Credits (T+P)	Marks
LL.B.401	Labour Law – II	3+1	100
LL.B.402	Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act	3+1	100
LL.B.403	The Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023	3+1	100
LL.B.404	Law of Crime – II (Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita-2023)	3+1	100
LL.B.405	Professional Ethics and Accounting (Clinical)	3+1	100
Total		20	500

Fifth Semester

Code	Subject	Credits (T+P)	Marks
LL.B. 501	Administrative Law	3+1	100
LL.B. 502	Environmental Law	3+1	100
LL.B. 503	Penology & Victimology	3+1	100
LL.B. 504	Pleading Drafting and Conveyancing (Clinical)	3+1	100
LL.B. 505-A 505-B 505-C	Optional (Choose One) – • Human Rights Law and Practice • Land Law and Land Revenue Code, 2006 • Law of Intellectual Property	3+1	100
Total		20	500

Sixth Semester

Code	Subject	Credits (T+P)	Marks
LL.B. 601	Principles of Taxation Law	3+1	100
LL.B. 602	Copyright	3+1	100
LL.B. 603	Alternative Dispute Resolution (Clinical)	3+1	100
LL.B. 604	Moot Court & Internship (Clinical)	3+1	100

Code	Subject	Credits (T+P)	Marks
LL.B. 605-A 605-B 605-C	Optional (Choose One) • Banking Law • U.P. Urban Buildings (Regulation of Letting, Rent and Eviction) • The U.P. Municipalities Act 1916	3+1	100
Total		20	500

Grand Total:

Component	Total
Credits	120
Marks	3000
Subjects	30
Per Subject	3+1 = 4 credits, 100 marks

Programme Outcomes of LL.B.

PO 1- Providing legal knowledge: to provide legal knowledge of socio-legal issues of society

PO 2- Professional ethics: to provide professional ethics of the legal profession

PO 3- Professional practice: to prepare students to practice in court in a legal company and industry

PO 4- Self-employability: to enable students to become self-employed

PO 5- Professional skills: to prepare students in writing pleading, drafting, and conveyancing, etc.

SCHEDULE – B

(DETAIL COURSE CONTENT)

LL.B. First Semester

PAPER – I: CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

Paper Code: LL.B. 101

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objective

The Constitution of India is the supreme law of the land. It lays down the framework for the organization, powers, and duties of various government institutions, and ensures the protection of citizens' fundamental rights. It enables democratic governance by empowering the people to choose their leaders, practice their religion, and pursue occupations of their choice. The Indian Constitution is founded on the principles of **sovereignty, socialism, secularism, democracy, and republicanism**. Its overarching objectives are **justice, liberty, equality, and fraternity**.

Unit I: Constitution – Nature and Foundations

- Definition and Classification of Constitutions
- Sources of the Constitution of India
- Constitutional Conventions
- Salient Features of the Indian Constitution
- Rule of Law
- Separation of Powers

Unit II: Distribution of Powers between the Union and the States

- Legislative, Administrative, and Financial Powers
- Doctrines Governing Centre-State Relations:
 - Doctrine of Territorial Nexus
 - Doctrine of Harmonious Construction
 - Doctrine of Pith and Substance
 - Doctrine of Repugnancy

Unit III: Constitutional Organs and Their Functions

- **Parliament**
 - Structure and Composition
 - Parliamentary Sovereignty
 - Parliamentary Privileges

- **Executive**
 - Executive Power and Functions
 - Collective Responsibility of the Cabinet
- **Judiciary**
 - Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and High Courts
 - Independence of the Judiciary
 - Public Interest Litigation (PIL)
 - Power of Judicial Review
 - Doctrine of Political Question
- **Anti-Defection Law**

Unit IV: Special Provisions and Doctrines

- Emergency Provisions (Articles 352, 356, 360)
- Amendment of the Constitution (Article 368)
- Doctrine of Basic Structure
- Contractual and Tortious Liability of the State
- Right to Property (Article 300A)
- Freedom of Trade and Commerce (Articles 301–307)

Suggested Readings

- Pandey J.N.(2023) Constitution Law of India, Centre Law Agency, Allahabad. (In both languages Hindi & English)
- Seervai H.M.(2023) Constitution of India, (3 Volume) Law & Justice Publishing Company.
- Basu D.D. (2022). Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Shukla V.N. (2022). Constitution of India, Eastern Book Co., Lucknow.
- Jain M.P.(2022) Indian Constitutional Law, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Shukla V.N. (2019). Constitution of India, Eastern Book Co., Lucknow.
- Basu D.D. (2019). Commentary on the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Hans Raj Dr.(2019) Right to Privacy as an Exaction of Right to Personal Liberty, Kala Publication, Varanasi.
- Basu D.D. (2018) Shorter Constitution of India, Wadhwa, Nagpur.
- Tripathi J.P. (2018) Constitutional Law- New Challenges, Centre Law Publications, Allahabad.
- Singh Jai. S. (2018) The Constitutional Law of India: Cases & Materials, Central Law Publication, Allahabad.
- Kumar, Dr. Narendra (2016) Constitutional Law of India, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Basu D.D. (2014) Comparative Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- शर्मा, नीता (2022), भारत का संविधान, अर्जुन पब्लिसिंग हाउस, नई दिल्ली।
- गुप्ता, एच.पी. (2002), भारत का संविधान, मार्टन लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <http://renaissancelawcollege.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/04/Constitution1.pdf>
- https://www.indiacode.nic.in/bitstream/123456789/15240/1/constitution_of_india.pdf

LL.B. First Semester

PAPER – II:

CONTRACT – I

Paper Code: LL.B. 102

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The objective of this paper is to provide a foundational understanding of the **Law of Contracts**, particularly the general principles related to the formation, validity, performance, and discharge of contracts. It also introduces students to remedies for breach and quasi-contractual obligations. Key legal concepts such as consent, capacity, consideration, and lawful object are examined through statutory provisions and relevant case law

Unit I: Formation of Contract

- Meaning and Nature of Contract
- Essentials of a Valid Contract
- **Proposal and Acceptance:** Communication and Revocation
- **Consideration:** Meaning and Legal Rules
- **Capacity to Contract:**
 - Minors
 - Persons of Unsound Mind
 - Disqualified Persons
- Privity of Contract

Unit II: Validity and Discharge of Contract

- **Consent and Free Consent**
 - Coercion
 - Undue Influence
 - Misrepresentation
 - Fraud
- **Unlawful Consideration and Object**
- **Nature of Agreements:**
 - Valid, Void, Voidable, Illegal, Unlawful, and Uncertain Agreements
 - Contingent Contracts
- **Modes of Discharge of Contract:**
 - By Performance
 - By Agreement

- By Impossibility (Doctrine of Frustration)
- By Breach

Unit III: Performance of Contract

- Time and Place of Performance
- Agreement Affecting Performance
- Impossibility of Performance and Frustration
- Breach of Contract:
 - Actual Breach
 - Anticipatory Breach

Unit IV: Remedies and Quasi-Contract

- **Remedies for Breach of Contract**
 - Types of Damages
 - Remoteness of Damages (Hadley v. Baxendale Rule)
- **Quantum Meruit**
- **Quasi-Contractual Obligations** (Sections 68–72 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872)
- **Specific Relief Act, 1963**
 - Specific Performance of Contracts
 - Injunctions

Suggested Reading:

- Bangia R.K. (2023), The Indian Contract Act, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Saharay K. (2022), Dutt on contract, Eastern Law House.
- Singh Avtar (2022), Contract and Specific Relief, Eastern Book Company.
- Rao Subba G.C.V. (2019), Law of Contract, Narendra Gogies and Company.
- Myneni S.R. (2018), Special contracts, Asia Law House.
- चौधरी, आर.एन. (2021), संविदा–I एवं विनिर्दिष्ट अनुतोष अधिनियम, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद ।
- सिंह अवतार (2020), संविदा विधि एवं विनिर्दिष्ट अनुतोष अधिनियम, ईस्टर्न बुक कम्पनी, लखनऊ ।
- कपूर, एस0के0 (2019), संविदा–I एवं विनिर्दिष्ट अनुतोष अधिनियम, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद ।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://blog.ipleaders.in/e-contracts/>
- <https://law.uok.edu.in/Files/5ce6c765-c013-446c-b6ac-b9de496f8751/Custom/1.Units-I-II-LLB-BALLB%20CONTRACT%202020-fnl.pdf>

LL.B. First Semester

PAPER – III

LAW OF TORTS INCLUDING MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS

Paper Code: LL.B. 103

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objective

The primary objective of the **Law of Torts** is to provide compensation to individuals who have suffered harm or injury due to the wrongful acts of others. This branch of law plays a vital role in upholding justice, deterring wrongful conduct, and maintaining peace in society. It encompasses both traditional tort principles and specific legal frameworks such as **motor vehicle accident liability** and **consumer protection law**.

Unit I: Introduction and General Principles of Tort Law

- Nature, Definition, and Development of Tort
- Distinction between Tort, Contract, Crime, and Breach of Trust
- Wrongful Acts:
 - Damnum Sine Injuria
 - Injuria Sine Damnum
- Joint and Independent Tortfeasors
- Doctrine of Remoteness of Damages
- Vicarious Liability
- General Defences in Tort Law

Unit II: State Liability, Motor Vehicle Law, and Specific Torts

- **State Liability for Torts:**
 - Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity
- **Liability under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988**
- **Torts Against the Person:**
 - Assault
 - Battery
 - False Imprisonment
- **Torts Against Property:**
 - Trespass to Land

- Trespass to Goods
- Conversion
- Malicious Prosecution

Unit III: Contemporary Doctrines and Specific Wrongs

- Negligence and the Principle of *Res Ipsa Loquitur*
- Contributory Negligence
- Strict Liability and Absolute Liability
- Nervous Shock
- Nuisance (Public and Private)
- Defamation: Libel and Slander

Unit IV: Consumer Protection Law

- Historical perspectives of Consumerism in India
- Concept, Definition, and Scope of The Consumer Protection Act, 2019; and the Constitution of India.
- Objectives and Features of the Act
- Rights and responsibilities of the consumers, remedies available to aggrieved consumers.
- Consumer protection methods,
- Overview of Consumer Disputes Redressal Mechanism

Suggested Reading:

- Kothari C.K. (2023), Research Methodology-Method & Techniques.
- Mahajan V.D.(2022), Jurisprudence and Legal theory.
- Singh Avtar & Harpreet Kaur (2020), Introduction to Jurisprudence, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
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- Paranjape N.V. (2019) Studies in Jurisprudence & Legal theory, Central Law Agency, Allahabad.
- Singh Hijan N.K. (2016), Jurisprudence Explained, Universal law Publishing, New Delhi.
- Jayakumar N.K. (2015), Lecture in Jurisprudence, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Panneerselvam R. (2013), Research Methodology, Prentice Hall India Leaving pvt. Ltd.
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LL.B. First Semester

PAPER – IV

FAMILY LAW – I (Hindu Law)

Paper Code: LL.B. 104

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objective

Family Law is the body of rules regulating family relationships, including **marriage, divorce, maintenance, guardianship, and adoption**. It governs personal laws based on religious customs and is closely linked with social norms and issues. This paper explores and covers statutory provisions and customary practices, and discusses how family law interacts with other legal fields such as criminal law.

Unit I: Nature and Marriage under Hindu Law

- Definition and Scope: Who is a Hindu?
- Sources of Hindu Law: Ancient and Modern
- The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955:
 - Essential Conditions for a Valid Marriage (Sections 5–23)

Unit II: Maintenance, Adoption & Guardianship

- Maintenance under:
 - Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 (Sections 24 & 25)
 - Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956 (Sections 18–20)
 - Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023
- Adoption under Hindu Law:
 - Essentials and Legal Effects (Sections 6–12, HAMA 1956)
- Guardianship under the Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956:
 - Kinds of Guardians
 - Powers and Duties of Guardians

Unit III: Joint Hindu Family and Coparcenary

- Origin and Nature of the Joint Hindu Family
- Concept and Characteristics of Coparcenary
- Distinction between Coparcenary and Joint Family
 - Classification of Property:

- Joint Family Property
- Separate Property
- The **Karta**:
 - Position, Powers, and Liabilities
- Doctrine of Pious Obligation and Liability for Debts

Unit VI: Partition and Succession under Hindu Law

- **Partition:**
 - Definition and Essentials
 - Persons Entitled to Demand Partition
 - Reopening of Partition and Reunion
- **Hindu Succession Act, 1956:**
 - Salient Features
 - Devolution of Interest in Coparcenary Property (Section 6)
 - Class I and Class II Heirs
 - Hindu Women's Right to Property

Relevant Statutes

1. Hindu Marriage Act, 1955
2. Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956
3. Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956
4. Hindu Succession Act, 1956

Suggested Reading:

- Diwan, Paras (2023), Modern Hindu Law, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Agarwal R.K. (2023), Hindu Law, Central Law Agency.
- Sharma, Basant K. (2023), Hindu Law, Central Law Publication
- Kesari U.P.D. (2022), Modern Hindu Law, Central Law Publication.
- Mulla (2021), Hindu Law, Lexis Nexis
- Agarwal R.K. (2023), Hindu Law, Central Law Agency.
- Sharma, Basant K. (2023), Hindu Law, Central Law Publication
- दीवान पारस (2022), आधुनिक हिन्दू विधि, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- केसरी यू.पी.डी. (2021), हिन्दू विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
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- [https://lawfaculty.du.ac.in/userfiles/downloads/LLBCM/Ist%20Term Family%20Law-%20I LB105 2023.pdf](https://lawfaculty.du.ac.in/userfiles/downloads/LLBCM/Ist%20Term%20Family%20Law-%20I%20LB105%202023.pdf)

LL.B. First Semester

PAPER – V

PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

Paper Code: LL.B. 105

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The primary aim of Public International Law is to promote **friendly relations among states**, safeguard **basic human rights**, and facilitate **international cooperation** to solve global issues. It seeks to regulate interactions between sovereign states and international entities and to prevent the use or threat of force, while promoting the principle of **self-determination** of peoples.

Unit I: Foundation and Sources of International Law

- Nature, Definition, Origin, and Basis of International Law
- Sources of International Law (Treaties, Customs, General Principles, Judicial Decisions, etc.)
- Subjects of International Law (States, Individuals, International Organizations)
- Relationship between International Law and Municipal (Domestic) Law

Unit II: State Interaction and Individual Protection Mechanisms

- **Recognition of States and Governments:**
 - Definition, Theories, Kinds, Legal Effects, Withdrawal of Recognition
- **Extradition:**
 - Definition and Purpose
 - Legal Obligations, Political Offenders, Doctrine of Double Criminality, Rule of Speciality
- **Asylum:**
 - Meaning and Types (Territorial, Diplomatic)
 - Right of Asylum and Its Limitations
- **Intervention:**
 - Definition, Prohibition under International Law
 - Grounds for Permissible Intervention

Unit III: Statehood, Jurisdiction, and Responsibility

- **State Territory:**
 - Concept and Modes of Acquisition
 - International Rivers and Legal Regimes
- **Jurisdiction of the State:**
 - Territorial Jurisdiction and its Limitations
- **State Succession:**
 - Definition, Types (Universal, Partial), Legal Consequences
- **State Responsibility:**
 - Kinds (Direct and Indirect), Consequences of Breach of International Obligations

Unit IV: The United Nations and International Dispute Resolution

- **United Nations (U.N.):**
 - Origin, Objectives, Principles, and Membership
- **Principal Organs of the U.N.:**
 - General Assembly
 - Security Council
 - Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)
 - Trusteeship Council
 - Secretariat
 - International Court of Justice (ICJ)
- **Settlement of International Disputes:**
 - Peaceful Means (Negotiation, Mediation, Arbitration, Judicial Settlement, etc.)

Suggested Reading:

- Agarwal H.O. (2022), International Law and Human Rights, Central Law Publication.
- Shaw Malcom N. (2021), International Law, Cambridge University Press.
- Kapoor S.K. (2021), International Law & Human Rights, Central Law Agency.
- Ahuja V.K. (2021), Public International Law, Lexis Nexis
- Shearer A.I. (2013), Stark's International Law, Oxford University Press.
- Jennings, Sir Robert and Watts, Sir Arthur (2008), Oppenheim's International Law, Oxford University Press.
- कपूर एस.के. (2022), अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि एवं मानवाधिकार, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, प्रयागराज।
- अग्रवाल एच.ओ. (2022), अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि एवं मानवाधिकार, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, प्रयागराज।
- कपूर एस.के. (2008), मानवाधिकार एवं अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
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- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://www.gklawcollege.com/wp-content/themes/gklaw-theme/downloads/library/studymaterials/20public-international-law.pdf>

LL.B. Second Semester

PAPER – I

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW – II

Paper Code: LL.B. 201

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objective

The objective of this course is to develop an in-depth understanding of the **Fundamental Rights**, **Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSPs)**, and **Constitutional Remedies** as enshrined in the **Constitution of India**. It focuses on the role of the judiciary in interpreting and enforcing these rights and duties, promoting social justice, and balancing individual liberties with the interests of the state. The course also explores the role of **public authorities** and the **Right to Information** in ensuring transparency and accountability.

Unit I: Fundamental Rights – Constitutional Provisions and Doctrinal Developments

- **Definition of "State"** for the purpose of the enforcement of Fundamental Rights
- Justiciability of Fundamental Rights
- Doctrines:
 - Doctrine of Eclipse
 - Doctrine of Severability
 - Doctrine of Waiver
- Distinction between **Pre-Constitutional** and **Post-Constitutional Laws**
- **Right to Equality:**
 - Doctrine of Reasonable Classification
 - Principle of Absence of Arbitrariness
- **Fundamental Freedoms under Article 19:**
 - Freedom of Speech and Expression
 - Freedom of Assembly/Association
 - Freedom of Movement
 - Freedom to Reside and Settle
 - Freedom of Trade, Occupation, Business and Profession
 - Judicial Interpretation and Reasonable Restrictions

Unit II: Fundamental Rights – Protection of Life, Liberty, and Minority Rights

- **Article 21:** Right to Life and Personal Liberty – Expansive Judicial Interpretation

- **Preventive Detention** under the Constitution – Policy, Safeguards, and Judicial Review
- **Right Against Exploitation:**
 - Prohibition of Forced Labour
 - Prohibition of Child Labour
- **Freedom of Religion:**
 - Individual and Institutional Rights
 - State Regulation and Secularism
- **Cultural and Educational Rights** of Minorities (Articles 29 & 30)

Unit III: Right to Constitutional Remedies

- **Article 32 and 226** – Nature and Scope
- Judicial Review as a Basic Feature of the Constitution
- **Writ Jurisdiction:**
 - Habeas Corpus
 - Mandamus
 - Certiorari
 - Prohibition
 - Quo Warranto

Unit IV: Directive Principles, Fundamental Duties, Social Justice, and Right to Information

- **Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSPs):**
 - Nature, Objectives, and Non-Justiciability
 - Interrelationship between Fundamental Rights and DPSPs
- **Fundamental Duties** (Article 51A)
- **Social Justice** under the Constitution:
 - Compensatory Discrimination for Backwards Classes
 - *Mandal Commission Case* and other landmark decisions
 - Protective Discrimination Doctrine
- **Right to Information Act, 2005:**
 - Concept, Scope, and Enforcement
 - Role of Central and State Information Commissions
 - Obligations of Public Authorities
 - Judicial Review in the context of RTI

Suggested Readings

- Pandey J.N.(2023) Constitution Law of India, Centre Law Agency, Allahabad.(In both languages Hindi & English)
- Seervai H.M.(2023) Constitution of India, (3 Volume) Law & Justice Publishing Company, India.
- Basu D.D. (2022). Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Shukla V.N. (2022). Constitution of India, Eastern Book Co., Lucknow.
- Jain M.P.(2022) Indian Constitutional Law, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Shukla V.N. (2019). Constitution of India, Eastern Book Co., Lucknow.
- Basu D.D. (2019). Commentary on the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Hans Raj Dr.(2019) Right to Privacy as an Exaction of Right to Personal Liberty, Kala Publication, Varanasi.
- Basu D.D. (2018) Shorter Constitution of India, Wadhwa, Nagpur.
- Tripathi J.P. (2018) Constitutional Law- New Challenges, Centre Law Publications, Allahabad.
- Singh Jai. S. (2018) The Constitutional Law of India: Cases & Materials, Central Law Publication, Allahabad.
- Kumar, Dr. Narendra (2016) Constitutional Law of India, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Basu D.D. (2014) Comparative Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- शर्मा, नीता (2022), भारत का संविधान, अर्जुन पब्लिसिंग हाउस, नई दिल्ली ।
- गुप्ता, एच.पी. (2002), भारत का संविधान, मार्टन लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद ।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://www.studocu.com/in/document/christ-deemed-to-be-university/constitutional-law-ii/constitutional-law-2-full-notes/17878377>

LL.B. Second Semester

PAPER – II

CONTRACT – II

Paper Code: LL.B. 202

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

This course aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of **special contracts**, including **indemnity, guarantee, bailment, pledge, agency, partnership, and sale of goods**. Students will learn about the rights and duties of parties, legal consequences, and the commercial relevance of these contracts under Indian law. Emphasis is placed on practical application, statutory interpretation, and judicial reasoning.

Unit I: Contracts of Indemnity and Guarantee

(Sections 124–147 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872)

- Concept and Definition of Indemnity and Guarantee
- Methods of Creating Indemnity and Guarantee
- Commencement of Liability of the Indemnifier
- Rights and Duties of the Indemnifier, Indemnified, and Surety
- Kinds of Guarantee
- Discharge of Surety's Liability

Unit II: Contracts of Bailment, Pledge, and Agency

A. Bailment and Pledge

(Sections 148–171 & 172–182 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872)

- Meaning and Distinction between Bailment and Pledge
- Rights and Duties of Bailor and Bailee
- Rights and Duties of Pawnor and Pawnee
- Lien and Termination of Bailment
- Commercial Utility of Pledge Transactions

B. Agency

(Sections 182–238 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872)

- Definition of Agent and Principal
- Essentials of the Relationship of Agency
- Creation of the Agency
- Relations of Principal and Agent
- Sub-Agent and Substituted Agent
- Termination of the Agency and Its Consequences

Unit III: The Law of Partnership

(Based on the Indian Partnership Act, 1932)

- Nature and Definition of Partnership
- Distinction between Company and Hindu Joint Family Business
- Relationship Between Partners
- Admission and Retirement of Partners (Sections 30–38)
- Dissolution of Firm and its Legal Effects (Sections 39–55)
- Registration of Firm (Sections 56–71)
- Implied Authority of Partners
- Liability of Partners Holding Out
- Relationship with Third Parties

Unit IV: The Sale of Goods

(Based on the Sale of Goods Act, 1930)

- Definition and Concept of Sale, Conditions and Warranties
- Formation of Contract of Sale (Sections 4–17)
- Effects of the Contract (Sections 18–30)
- Rights and Duties of Buyers and Sellers
- Performance of Contract (Sections 31–44)
- Rights of an Unpaid Seller (Sections 45–54)
- Remedies and Suits for Breach of Contract (Sections 55–61)

Prescribed Acts

1. **Indian Contract Act, 1872**
2. **Indian Partnership Act, 1932**
3. **The Sale of Goods Act, 1930**

Suggested Reading:

- Bangia R.K. (2023), The Indian Contract Act, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Saharay K. (2022), Dutt on contract, Eastern Law House.
- Singh Avtar (2022), Contract and Specific Relief, Eastern Book Company.
- Rao Subba G.C.V. (2019), Law of Contract, Narendra Gogies and Company.
- Myneni S.R. (2018), Special contracts, Asia Law House.
- कपूर, एस0के0 (2022), संविदा विधि—II माल विक्रय अधिनियम एवं भागीदारी अधिनियम, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद ।
- राय कैलाश(2020), संविदा –II विशिष्ट संविदायें, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद ।
- चौधरी आर्यन (2019), संविदा –II विशिष्ट संविदायें, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद ।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://blog.iplayers.in/e-contracts/>

LL.B. Second Semester

PAPER – III

FAMILY LAW – II (Muslim Law)

Paper Code: LL.B. 203

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objective

The objective of this course is to provide an understanding of the **Nature of Muslim Law, Marriage, Divorce, Maintenance, Guardianship and partition, succession, Muslim personal law** relating to gifts, wills, inheritance, and pre-emption. The course focuses on the structure and evolution of Muslim family laws, statutory reforms, and key judicial interpretations. It also aims to make students aware of the rights of women and the legal principles governing family property and inheritance.

Unit I: Nature, Marriage, and Divorce under Muslim Law

- Nature, School and Sources of Muslim Law
- Who is a Muslim?
- Muslim Marriage (*Nikah*):
 - Essentials of a Valid Marriage
 - Option of Puberty
 - Kinds of Marriage under Sunni and Shia Law

Unit II: Divorce, Maintenance, and Guardianship

- Classification of Divorce (Talaq, Khula, Mubarat, etc.)
- **Triple Talaq (Talaq-e-Biddat):**
 - Unconstitutional (Shayara Bano, 2017)
 - Criminalised (Muslim Women Act, 2019)
- Maintenance of Wife under:
 - Muslim Personal Law
 - Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023
 - Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986
 - Interpreted in Danial Latifi (2001)
- Parentage and Legitimacy
- Guardianship under Muslim Law:
 - Types and Legal Powers of Guardians

Unit III: Hiba and Will

- **Hiba (Gift):**
 - Definition, Essentials, Kinds, and Formalities for a Valid Hiba
 - Revocation of Hiba
- **Will (Wasiyat):**
 - Definition, Essentials, and Kinds
 - Revocation and Abatement of Legacies

Unit IV: Pre-emption and Inheritance

- **Pre-emption (Shufa):**
 - Definition, Classification, and Formalities
- **Inheritance:**
 - General Principles
 - Doctrine of *Aul* and *Radd* (Proportionate Adjustment and Redistribution)
 - Rule of Exclusion from Inheritance

Prescribed Act

Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986

Suggested Reading:

- Diwan, Paras (2023), Muslim Law in Modern India, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Rashid, Syed Khalid (2022), Muslim Law, Eastern Book Company.
- Ahmad Aquil (2021), Mohammedan Law, Central Law Agency.
- Sinha R.K. (2017), Textbook on Muslim Law, Universal Law Publishing.
- Mulla (2017), Principles of Mohammedan Law, Lexis Nexis.
- Mohmood Tahir (2017), Introduction to Muslim Law, Universal Law Publishing.
- खान राफिक मो0 (2023), मुस्लिम विधि, इण्डिया पब्लिसिंग एजेन्सी, इन्दौर।
- अहमद अकील (2022), मुस्लिम विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, प्रयागराज।
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- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- https://www.tndalu.ac.in/econtent/20_Family_Law-II.pdf

LL.B. Second Semester

Paper – IV

LAW OF CRIME – I (The Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023) Paper Code: LL.B. 204

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

The course aims to provide a foundational understanding of criminal law by explaining the meaning, nature, and elements of crime. It further analyzes important concepts such as *mens rea*, common intention, and the stages of crime, while also familiarizing students with the classifications of crime and general exceptions under criminal law.

Unit – I: General Principles of Criminal Law

- Meaning and Definition of Crime
- Elements of Crime
- Stages of Crime
- Joint Criminal Liability & Strict Liability
- General Exceptions:
 - General Defenses
 - Private Defense
- Offences:
 - Abetment
 - Criminal Conspiracy
 - Attempt to Commit a Crime

Unit – II: Offences Affecting the Human Body

- Culpable Homicide & Murder
- Hurt and Grievous Hurt
- Wrongful Restraint and Wrongful Confinement
- Kidnapping and Abduction
- Acid Attack
- Rape and Sexual Offences

Unit – III: Offences Against Property

- Theft and Extortion
- Robbery and Dacoity
- Cheating and Criminal Misappropriation
- Criminal Trespass and Criminal Breach of Trust
- Forgery and Snatching

Unit – IV: Offences Against the State & Women

Offences Against the State:

- Waging or Attempting to Wage War against the Government of India
- Abetment of Waging War

Offences Against Marriage (Relating to Women):

1. Cruelty by Husband or Relatives
2. Dowry Death
3. Bigamy / Marrying again during the lifetime of a spouse
4. Deceitful Marriage (fraudulently inducing a belief of lawful marriage)
5. Husband or in-laws causing miscarriage without the woman's consent

Prescribed Act:

- **The Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023**

Suggested Reading:

- Yadav Krishna Murari, Aggarwal Tripathi (2023), Text Book on the Indian penal code, Satyam Law International.
- Vaidya Sharvari (Madiwale) (2023), A reference book on Indian Penal Code, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Mishra S.N. (2022), Indian Penal Code, Central Law Publication.
- Joshi Man Mohan (2022), The Indian Penal Code, Integrity Education.
- Gaur K.D. (2019), Commentary on the Indian Penal Code, Central Law Publication.
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
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LL.B. Second Semester

Paper – V

General English and Legal Language

Paper Code: LL.B. 205

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

To develop the students' basic understanding of English grammar and legal vocabulary, enhance their writing and translation skills, and introduce them to key legal terms, phrases, and maxims used in the field of law.

Unit I: Basic Grammar and Sentence Structure

- Simple Sentences:
 - Tense and Composition
 - Transformations:
 - (a) Active to Passive
 - (b) Simple to Negative
 - (c) Affirmative to Interrogative
- Complex and Compound Sentences
- Parts of Speech
- Vocabulary – Terms of Common Use

Unit II: Functional Writing and Composition

- Paragraph Writing
- Letter and Application Writing
- Précis Writing
- Translation (Hindi to English)

Unit III: Essay and Descriptive Writing

- Essay Writing in **Hindi** on Legal Topics
- Essay Writing in **English** on Legal Topics
(*Examples: Fundamental Rights under the Indian Constitution, Secularism, Social Justice, Consumer Protection, Women's Rights, Public Interest Litigation, Lok Adalat, etc.*)

Unit IV: Legal Language and Expression

- Legal Words – Terms and Phrases
- One Word Substitution
- Abbreviations
- **Introduction to Legal Maxims** (with meanings and usage in legal context)

Suggested Reading:

- Singh, V.S. (2023), English for law students, Allahabad Law Agency, Allahabad
- Gupta, S.P. (2003), Legal Language and Legal Writing Including General English, Allahabad Law Agency, Allahabad
- Martin and Bharat (2002), Scholars Senior English Grammar and Composition, Scholar's Publishing House, Delhi
- Nesfield (1967), English Grammar, Composition and Usage, Macmillan and Company Ltd., Kolkata
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://www.scribd.com/document/380362725/Legal-Language-and-Legal-Writing-Including-General-English-eBook-Lecture-Notes-PDF-Download-Studynama-com-India-s-Biggest-Website-for-Law-Study-M>

LL.B. Third Semester

Paper – I

JURISPRUDENCE

Paper Code: LL.B. 301

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

The objective of this course is to provide a foundational understanding of the meaning and importance of jurisprudence. It aims to familiarize students with the various sources of law, such as custom, legislation, and precedent, and to provide insights into the major schools of jurisprudence and their influence on legal thinking and development.

Unit I: Introduction to Jurisprudence

- Meaning, Scope, and Importance of Jurisprudence
- Relation between Jurisprudence and other Social Sciences
- Nature and Kinds of Law
- Theories of Justice
- Sources of Law: Custom, Legislation, and Precedent

Unit II: Schools of Jurisprudence

- Natural Law Theory (with Indian Perspective)
- Analytical Positivism, Pure Theory of Law,
- Historical School of Jurisprudence
- Sociological School of Jurisprudence (with Indian Perspective)
- Legal Realism
- Economic interpretation of Law

Unit III: Law concerning Society and Liability

- Law and Morality
- Law and Religion
- Law and Social Change
- Principles of Legal Liability:
 - General Principles
 - Negligence

- Absolute Liability
- Immunity

Unit IV: Core Legal Concepts

- Legal Rights and Duties:
- Legal Personality
- Possession, Ownership, and Property
- Obligation

Suggested Reading:

- Mahajan V.D.(2022), Jurisprudence and Legal theory.
- Singh Avtar & Harpreet Kaur (2020), Introduction to Jurisprudence, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Willains G. (2020), Learning the law, Sweet and Maxwell.
- Paranjape N.V. (2019) Studies in Jurisprudence & Legal theory, Central Law Agency, Allahabad.
- Singh Hijan N.K. (2016), Jurisprudence Explained, Universal law Publishing, New Delhi.
- Jayakumar N.K. (2015), Lecture in Jurisprudence, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Bondenheimer (1996), Jurisprudence – The Philosophy and Method of Law, Universal Delhi
- R.W.M. Dias (1994), Jurisprudence Indian Reprint – Aditya Books, Delhi
- Fitzgerald P.J. (1994), Salmond on Jurisprudence Tripathi, Bombay
- Dhyani S.N. (1985), Jurisprudence – A Study of Indian Legal Theory
- त्रिपाठी, तपेश्वरी प्रसाद (2022), विधिशास्त्र, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- बाबेल बसन्ती लाल (2021), विधिशास्त्र, यूनिवर्सल लॉ पब्लिसर्स।
- पराजपे एन.वी. (2019), विधिशास्त्र एवं विधि के सिद्धान्त, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- प्रसाद अनिरुद्ध (2010), विधिशास्त्र के मूल सिद्धान्त, ईस्टर्न बुक कम्पनी, लखनऊ।
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- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://www.scribd.com/document/354988020/Jurisprudence-Note1>

LL.B. Third Semester

Paper – II

INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES AND PRINCIPLES OF LEGISLATION

Paper Code: LL.B. 302

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

The objective of this course is to develop an understanding of the meaning and purpose of the interpretation of statutes, the rules and maxims of interpretation, and their significance. It also aims to introduce students to the principles of legislation and the legislative process.

Unit I: Introduction to Interpretation

- Meaning, Object, and Importance of Interpretation
- General Principles of Interpretation
- Difference between Interpretation and Construction
- Statutes: Meaning and Classification
- Literal Rule
- Golden Rule

Unit II: Rules and Maxims of Interpretation

- Mischief Rule
- Beneficial Construction
- Strict Construction (with reference to Penal and Taxing Laws)
- Maxims of Interpretation and Their Importance

Unit III: Interpretation of Constitutional and Statutory Law

- Interpretation of Constitutional Law
- Internal Aids to Interpretation (e.g., Preamble, Title, Marginal Notes)
- External Aids to Interpretation (e.g., Dictionaries, Legislative History, Previous Case Law)
 - Commencement, Repeal, and Revival of Legislation

Unit IV: Principles of Legislation

- Doctrine of Utility
- Doctrine of Pleasure and Pain
- Doctrine of Sympathy and Antipathy
- Role of Public Opinion in Legislation

Suggested Reading:

- Mittal D.P. (2023), Statutory Interpretation, Commercial Law Publishers India. Pvt. Ltd.
- Chaturvedi K.N. (2022), Modern Statutory Interpretation, Eastern Law House.
- Bindra N.S. (2022), Interpretation of Statutory, Lexis Nexis.
- Singh Avtar, Harpreet Kaur (2022). Introduction to The Interpretation of Statutes, Lexis Nexis.
- Singh G.P. Alok Aradhe (2022), Principles of Statutory Interpretation, Lexis Nexis.
- Myneni S.R. (2020), Interpretation of Statutes, Asia Law House.
- Bhattacharya T. (2020), Interpretation of Statutes, CLA.
- Sinha J.N. (1995), Ethics, Surjeet Prakashan, New Delhi.
- भट्टाचार्या टी. (2022), कानूनों का निर्वचन, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- गुप्ता रुधा (2022), कानूनों का निर्वचन, यूनिवर्सिटी बुक हाउस प्राइवेट लिमिटेड।
- सिंह बशीधर (2021), संविधियों का निर्वचन, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- प्रसाद अनिरुद्ध (2019), सांविधिक निर्वचन के सिद्धान्त, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- वर्मा, वेद प्रकाश (2009), नीतिशास्त्र के मूल सिद्धान्त, एलाइड पब्लिसर्स, नई दिल्ली।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://blog.ipleaders.in/basic-principles-of-interpretation-of-statutes/>

LL.B. Third Semester

Paper – III

COMPANY LAW

Paper Code: LL.B. 303

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

The objective of this course is to understand the concept and nature of a company, the formation and registration process, and the legal framework governing share capital and prospectus. It also aims to familiarize students with company administration, management, and the winding-up process.

Unit I: Formation, Registration, and Incorporation of a Company

- Definition and Types of Companies
- Nature of Company: Theory of Corporate Personality
- Incorporation Process
- Memorandum of Association and Articles of Association
- Doctrine of Ultra Vires

Unit II: Capital Formation and Regulation

- Prospectus: Issue, Contents, Types, and Liabilities for Misstatements
- Statement in Lieu of Prospectus
- Promoters: Position, Duties, and Liabilities
- Shares and General Principles of Allotment
- Transfer of Shares: Restrictions and Legal Effects
- Share Capital: Reduction and Conversion of Loans or Debentures into Capital
- Role of the Court in Protecting Creditors and Shareholders

Unit III: Administration and Management

- Dividends: Payment, Capitalization of Profits, and Audit of Accounts
- Directors: Appointment, Types, Powers, and Duties
- Role of Managing Director and Other Managerial Personnel
- Oppression and Mismanagement

Unit IV: Winding Up of Companies

- Types, Reasons, and Consequences of Winding Up
- Role of the Court in Winding Up
- Liabilities of Past Members
- Payment of Liabilities during Winding Up
- Reconstruction and Amalgamation of Companies
- Legal Liabilities of Companies: Civil and Criminal
- Remedies Against Companies

Suggested Reading:

- Kapoor G.K. and Dhaniya, Sanjay (2024), Company Law & Practice, Taxmann Publications.
- Singh Avtar (2023), Company Law, Eastern Books Company.
- Bangia R.K. (2023), Company Law, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Paranjape N.V. (2021), Company Law, Central Law Agency.
- Tripathi S.C. (2019), New Company Law, Central Law Publication.
- सिंह अवतार (2022), कम्पनी विधि, ईस्टर्न बुक कम्पनी, लखनऊ।
- परांजपे ना0वि0 (2022), कम्पनी विधि-2013, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, प्रयागराज।
- वावेल बसन्ती लाल (2022), कम्पनी अधिनियम-2013, यूनिवर्सिटी बुक हाउस प्राइवेट लिमिटेड।
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- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/publications/FinalCLStudy.pdf>

LL.B. Third Semester

Paper – IV

LABOUR LAW – I

(Law Relating to Labour Management Relations in India)

Paper Code: LL.B. 304

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objectives:

The course aims to promote social, economic, and political justice for working people. It focuses on ensuring equal opportunities for all workers regardless of caste, creed, religion, or beliefs to foster their overall development. It also aims to protect weaker sections of workers who lack financial strength and to maintain industrial peace.

Unit I: Industrial Relations and Trade Union Law

- Concept of Industrial Relations and Labour Problems in India
- Labour Policy in India
- Trade Union Act, 1926:
 - History and Development of the Trade Union Movement
 - Registration of Trade Unions
 - Rights and Liabilities of Registered Trade Unions
 - Penalties and Procedures
- Collective Bargaining: Process, Merits, and Demerits

Unit II: Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

- Definitions: Industry, Employee, Employer, Industrial Dispute
- Authorities under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
- Powers, Duties, and Procedures of Authorities
- Reference of Disputes to Boards, Courts, and Tribunals

Unit III: Industrial Actions and Labour Practices

- Strike, Lockout, Layoff, Retrenchment, and Closure

- Unfair Labour Practices
- Penalties and Offences
- Standing Orders Act, 1946 (Industrial Employment Standing Orders)

Unit IV: Labour Welfare and The Factories Act, 1948

- Philosophy and Historical Development of Labour Welfare
- The Factories Act, 1948:
 - Interpretation of Key Terms: Competent Person, Hazardous Process, Manufacturing Process, Worker, Factory, Occupier
 - Provisions related to Health, Safety, and Welfare of Workers
 - Working Hours of Adults
 - Employment of Young Persons
 - Appointment and Powers of Inspectors

Acts Covered:

1. Trade Union Act, 1926
2. Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
3. Factories Act, 1948

Suggested Reading:

- Malik P.L. (2021), Handbook of Labour and Industrial Law, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
- Agrawal Anju & Satish Kumar Saha (2020), Industrial Relations & Labour Law, SBPD Publication, U.K.
- Sinha P.R.N., Indubala Sinha & Sjelarseema Priyadarshini (2017), Industrial Relations, Trade, Unions and Labour Legislation, Pearson.
- Ghosh Piyali & Nandan Shefali (2017), Industrial Relations & Labour laws, Mc Graw Hill education.
- Goswami V.G. (2019), Labour and Industrial Laws, CLA. Allahabad.
- Mishra S.N. (2016) Labour and Industrial Law, CLP Allahabad.
- सिंह इन्द्रजीत (2023), श्रमिक विधियों, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- शर्मा गंगा सहाय (2020), श्रम एवं औद्योगिक विधि, यूनिवर्सिटी बुक हाउस प्राइवेट लिमिटेड।
- मिश्रा सूर्यनारायण (2019), श्रम एवं औद्योगिक विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- मिश्रा सूर्यनारायण (2012), श्रम एवं औद्योगिक विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
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LL.B. Third Semester

Paper – V

PROPERTY LAW

Paper Code: LL.B. 305

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

The course aims to provide an understanding of the concept of property, distinctions between movable and immovable property, and the general principles governing the transfer of immovable property.

Unit I: Concept of Property and General Principles Relating to Transfer of Property

- Concept of Property: Distinction between Movable and Immovable Property
- Definitions: Immovable Property, Attestation, Notice, Actionable Claim
- Definition of Transfer of Property (Section 5)
- Transferable and Non-transferable Properties (Sections 10-12)
- Transfer for Benefit of Unborn Person & Rule against Perpetuity (Sections 13 & 14)
- Vested and Contingent Interests (Sections 19 & 21)
- Doctrine of Election (Section 35)

Unit II: General Principles Governing Transfer of Immovable Property

- Transfer by Ostensible Owner
- Rule of Feeding the Grant by Estoppel
- Rule of Lis Pendens
- Fraudulent Transfer
- Rule of Part Performance

Unit III: Specific Transfers

- Sale and Gift
- Mortgage and Charge
- Lease and License

Unit IV: Easement Act

- Object and Main Provisions of the Indian Easement Act, 1882
 - Definition of Easement
 - **Types of Easements:** Acquisition of Easements, Termination/Extinction of Easements
 - Rights and Duties of the Dominant and Servient Owners
 - Legal Procedures for Resolving Easement Disputes

Acts Covered:

1. The Transfer of Property Act, 1882
2. The Indian Easement Act, 1882

Suggested Reading:

- Sinha R.K.(2023), Transfer of Property Act, Central Law Agency.
- Mulla, (2023), Transfer of Property Act, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Mulla, (2022), Commentary on Transfer of Property Act-1882, Sweet Soft.
- Sarthi Vepa P. (2021), Law of Transfer of Property, Eastern Book Company.
- Singh Avtar, Harpreet Kaur (2019), Text book on the transfer of property Act, Universal Publication.
- Saxena Pradhan Poonam (2017) Property Law, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- Shukla S.N.(2015), Transfer Property Act, Allahabad Law Agency.
- त्रिपाठी जी.पी. (2023), सम्पत्ति अन्तरण अधिनियम, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, प्रयागराज।
- सिन्हा आर.के. (2022), सम्पत्ति अन्तरण अधिनियम, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, प्रयागराज।
- त्रिपाठी टी.पी. (2020), सम्पत्ति अन्तरण अधिनियम, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- वाबेल बसन्तीलाल (2006), सम्पत्ति अन्तरण अधिनियम, ईस्टर्न बुक कम्पनी, लखनऊ।
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LL.B. Fourth Semester

PAPER – I LABOUR LAW – II

(SOCIAL SECURITY AND WAGE LEGISLATION)

Paper Code: LL.B. 401

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The course aims to provide a conceptual framework regarding social security and relevant provisions of labour legislation. It covers the Employees' Compensation Act, 1923, the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, and elaborates on the objectives and provisions of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948. Students will gain knowledge of the legal mechanisms protecting workers' rights related to social security and wages.

Unit I: Employees Compensation Act, 1923

- Concept and evolution of social security
- Scheme of social security under the Act
- Definitions, aims and objectives
- Liability of the employer, notional extension and defences
- Determination and payment of compensation
- Penalty for default and contracting out (Section 17)
- Appointment and powers of the Commissioner (Sections 19-31)

Unit II: Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Sections 3-18)

- Aims and objectives, definitions
- Restrictions on the employment of women during maternity
- Right to maternity and medical benefits
- Bonus, leave entitlements, dismissal during pregnancy (Sections 10-16)
- Forfeiture of maternity benefits and leave for miscarriage
- Penalty for contravention by the employer and cognizance of offences
- The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972: aims, objects, controlling authority, payment, and recovery of gratuity

Unit III: Minimum Wages Act, 1948

- Theories and concepts of wages
- Aims and objects of the Act
- Definitions, fixation and revision of wage rates
- Working hours, determination and claim of wages
- Appointment and powers of the authority
- The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976: equal pay for men and women employees

Unit IV: Payment of Wages Act, 1936

- Aims and objectives
- Responsibility and timing of wage payment, fixation of wage period
- Authorized deductions (Sections 7 to 13)
- Appointment and powers of inspectors
- Authority for adjudication of claims (Sections 15-18)
- Penalties for offences under the Act
- The Payment of Bonus Act: scope, definitions, computation of gross profit and available surplus, eligibility, disqualification, minimum and maximum bonus

Acts to be studied:

1. Employees Compensation Act, 1923
2. Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
3. Payment of Wages Act, 1936
4. Minimum Wages Act, 1948

Suggested Reading:

- Malik P.L. (2021), Handbook of Labour and Industrial Law, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow.
- Agrawal Anju & Satish Kumar Saha (2020), Industrial Relations & Labour Law, SBPD Publication, U.K.
- Sinha P.R.N., Indubala Sinha & Sjelarseema Priyadarshini (2017), Industrial Relation, Trade, Unions and Labour Legislation, Pearson.
- Ghosh Piyali & Nandan Shefali (2017), Industrial Relations & Labour laws, Mc Graw Hill education.
- Goswami V.G. (2019), Labour and Industrial Laws, CLA. Allahabad.
- Mishra S.N. (2016) Labour and Industrial Law, CLP Allahabad.
- सिंह इन्द्रजीत (2023), श्रमिक विधियों, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- शर्मा गंगा सहाय (2020), श्रम एवं औद्योगिक विधि, यूनिवर्सिटी बुक हाउस प्राइवेट लिमिटेड।
- मिश्रा सूर्यनारायण (2019), श्रम एवं औद्योगिक विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
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- <https://blog.ipleaders.in/social-security-and-its-relevance-under-labour-legislation-in-india/>

LL.B. Fourth Semester
PAPER – II
CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE & LIMITATION ACT
Paper Code: LL.B. 402

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The course aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of the civil adjudication process and the law of limitation. It covers foundational concepts such as decrees, judgments, and orders, as well as procedural elements like trials, appearances, and execution of decrees. It also provides an overview of special types of suits, appeals, and the principles of limitation law.

Unit I: Introduction to Civil Procedure

- Definitions: Decree, Judgment, Order, Foreign Court, Foreign Judgment, Mesne Profits, Affidavit, Plaint, Written Statement, Legal Representative
- Distinction between Decree and Judgment, and between Decree and Order
- Jurisdiction: Kinds of Jurisdiction, Hierarchy of Civil Courts
- Suit of a Civil Nature
- Doctrines: Res Sub Judice and Res Judicata
- Place of Suing and Institution of Suit
- Parties to Suit: Joinder, Misjoinder and Non-joinder of Parties
- Representative Suits and Framing of Suit
- Cause of Action

Unit II: Appearance, Examination & Trial

- Appearance and Ex-Parte Proceedings
- Summary Procedure and Attendance of Witnesses
- Trial Process and Adjournments
- Interim Orders, Commissions, Arrest and Attachment before Judgment
- Injunctions and Appointment of Receiver
- Interest and Costs

Execution of Decrees

- Meaning and Scope
- General Principles and Powers of Execution
 - Modes and Procedures of Execution

- Enforcement, Arrest and Detention
- Attachment and Sale of Property
- Delivery of Property and Stay of Execution

Unit III: Suits in Particular Cases & Remedies

- Suits by or against Government
- Suits by or against Firms
- Suits in *Forma Pauperis*
- Interpleader Suit
- Appeals: First and Second Appeal
- Review, Reference, and Revision

Unit IV: Miscellaneous & Limitation Act

- Transfer of Cases
- Restitution
- Caveat
- Inherent Powers of the Court

The Limitation Act, 1963

- Meaning, Nature and Scope of the Law of Limitation
- Bar of Limitation and Its Efficacy
- Sufficient Cause: Meaning and Applicability
- Legal Disability: Scope and Effect
- Continuous Running of Time
- General Principles and Exceptions
- Law relating to Registration of Documents

Acts to be Studied

1. The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908
2. The Limitation Act, 1963

Suggested Reading:

- Takwani C.K. (2023), Civil Procedure EBC, Lucknow.
- Singh Pramod Kumar (2021), A to Z Civil Procedure Code-1908, Whitesmann.
- Mathur D.N. (2020), The code of Civil Procedure with Chapter Summary, Central Law Publications.
- Singh Avtar (2018), The code of Civil Procedure, Central Law Publications.
- Mulla D.F. (2017) The Code of Civil Procedure, Lexis Nexis, Delhi.
- Mulla D.F. (2015) The Key to Indian Practice (A Summary of the C.P.C.), Lexis Nexis, Delhi.
- Jain M.P. (2011) The Code of Civil Procedure, Lexis Nexis, Delhi.
- जैन एस.के. (2014–18), डाइजेस्ट ऑन सिविल प्रक्रिया संहिता, इण्डिया लॉ हाउस, इन्दौर।
- बावेल बसन्तीलाल (2022), सिविल प्रक्रिया संहिता एवं परिसीमा अधिनियम, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- त्रिपाठी टी.पी. (2010), सिविल प्रक्रिया संहिता, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- पण्डेय वी.एन. (2001), सिविल प्रक्रिया संहिता, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
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- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- https://www.tndalu.ac.in/econtent/5_Civil_Procedure_Code.pdf
- https://www.tndalu.ac.in/econtent/5_Civil_Procedure_Code.pdf

LL.B. Fourth Semester

PAPER – III

LAW OF EVIDENCE

(The Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023)

Paper Code: LL.B. 403

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The objective of the course is to provide a thorough understanding of the principles and rules governing evidence in judicial proceedings as per *The Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023*. The course covers the definitions, relevance and admissibility of facts, burden of proof, witness examination, and the method of proving facts. It aims to prepare students to critically apply evidentiary rules in practical legal contexts.

Unit I: Introduction and Definitions

- Definitions (Sec. 2):
Facts, Facts in issue, Relevant Facts, Proved, Disproved, not proved, Evidence
- Kinds of Evidence:
Oral Evidence (Sec. 54 & 55)
Documentary Evidence: Primary and Secondary (Sec. 56–63)
- Presumptions under the Act: (Sec. 2, 35, 78–81, 92–93, 108, 110–111, 116–117, 119–120)

Unit II: Relevancy, Admissibility of Facts, and Burden of Proof

- Relevancy and Admissibility
- Doctrine of Res Gestae (Sec. 4–7)
- Conspiracy (Sec. 8)
- Mental and Bodily State
- Admissions and Confessions
- Dying Declaration
- Expert Opinion
- Judicial Notice
- Burden of Proof (Sec. 104–120)
- Estoppel (Sec. 121–123)

Unit III: Method of Proving Facts

- Who May Testify (Sec. 124–127)
- Privileged Communications (Sec. 128–134)
- Production of Documents (Sec. 135–136)
- Evidence by Accomplice (Sec. 138 and 139(b))
- Special Topics: Dowry Death, Legitimacy of Child

Unit IV: Rules Regarding Witnesses and Examination

- Competent and Hostile Witnesses
- Examination of Witnesses:
Chief Examination, Cross Examination, Re-examination
- Number and Order of Witnesses
- Leading Questions
- Refreshing Memory (Sec. 162–164)

Act to be Studied

- The Bhartiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023

Suggested Reading:

- Gaur K. D. (2020), Textbook on the Indian Evidence Act. Lexis Nexis, Delhi.
- Lal Batesk (2023), Law of Evidence, Central Law Agency, Allahabad.
- B.John (2014), The Book of Evidence, Pan Mac, U.K.
- Ratanlal & Dhirajlal (2019), The Law of evidence, Lexis Nexis, Delhi.
- Rao V. Nagesware (2019), The Indian Evidence Act, Lexis Nexis, Delhi.
- Singh Avtar (2020), Principles of the Law of Evidence, Central Law Publication
- The Indian Evidence Act, 1872.
- सिंह अवतार (2023), साक्ष्य विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- यादव राजाराम (2019), भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- पण्डेय जी.एस. (2011), भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम, यूनिवर्सिटी बुक हाउस प्राइवेट लिमिटेड, जयपुर।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://www.legalbites.in/library-law-of-evidence/>
- https://www.indiacode.nic.in/bitstream/123456789/15351/1/iea_1872.pdf

LL.B. Fourth Semester

Paper – IV

LAW OF CRIME – II

(The Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023)

Paper Code: LL.B. 404

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The objective of this course is to develop a clear understanding of procedural criminal law. Students will explore the distinction between substantive and procedural law, the structure and functions of criminal courts, the role of the police, and the legal processes from arrest to appeal. It aims to prepare students for the practical application of procedural criminal law in real-life legal settings.

Unit I: Introduction and Preliminary Procedure

- Enforceability and Definitions
- Constitution of Criminal Courts and their Powers (Sec. 6–25, 29)
- Arrest and Procedure of Arrest, Search and Seizure (Sec. 35–62)
- Rights of Arrested Persons
- Process to Compel Appearance (Sec. 63–93)
- Duty of Police for Medical Examination

Unit II: First Information Report and Proceedings Before Magistrate

- Information to Police and Powers of Investigation (Sec. 173–196)
- Cognizance and Initiation of Proceedings before Magistrate (Sec. 210–222)
- Complaint to Magistrate and Commencement of Proceedings (Sec. 223–233)
- Maintenance of Wife, Children, and Parents (Sec. 144–147)
- Security for Keeping Peace and Good Behaviour (Sec. 125–143)

Unit III: Jurisdiction, Charge and Types of Trial

- Jurisdiction of Criminal Courts in Inquiry and Trial (Sec. 197–209)

- Charge and its Framing (Sec. 234–247)
- Trial before Court of Session (Sec. 248–260)
- Trial by Magistrate in Warrant Cases:
 - (a) Based on Police Report (Sec. 261–266)
 - (b) Other than on Police Report (Sec. 267–270)
- Summons Trial (Sec. 274–282)
- Summary Trial (Sec. 283–288)
- Plea Bargaining (Sec. 289–300)

Unit IV: Judgment, Appeal, Bail and Miscellaneous Provisions

- Judgment and Sentencing (Sec. 392–406)
- Appeal (Sec. 413–435)
- Reference and Revision (Sec. 436–445)
- Transfer of Cases (Sec. 447–452)
- Bail and Bond (Sec. 479–498)
- Limitation for Taking Cognizance (Sec. 515–521)

Act to be Studied

- *The Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023*

Suggested Reading:

- Kelkar R.V. (2021), Criminal Procedure, Eastern Book Co.
- Mishra S.N. (2020), The Code of Criminal Procedure, Central Law Publication.
- Kannan K. (2019), Code of Criminal Procedure, Lexis Nexis, Delhi.
- Lal Ratan & Dhiral Lal (2019), Code of Criminal Procedure, Lexis Nexis, Delhi.
- Sarkar S.C. (2018), Criminal Procedure, Lexis Nexis, Delhi.
- Pillai K.N. Chandra Sekharan (2017), Lecture on Criminal Procedure, EBC Lucknow.
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- https://www.indiacode.nic.in/bitstream/123456789/15272/1/the_code_of_criminal_procedure%2C_1973.pdf
- [https://www.tndalu.ac.in/econtent/34_Law_of_Crimes_II_\(Code_of_Criminal_Procedur.pdf](https://www.tndalu.ac.in/econtent/34_Law_of_Crimes_II_(Code_of_Criminal_Procedur.pdf)
- https://lawfaculty.du.ac.in/userfiles/downloads/LLBCM/IInd%20Term_Law%20of%20Crimes-II_LB203_2022_1.pdf

LL.B. Fourth Semester

PAPER – V

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM (CLINICAL)

Paper Code: LL.B. 405

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The objective of the study is to understand the need for the legal profession in India and the regulatory framework that governs it. This course emphasizes the ethical responsibilities of advocates, including their duties toward clients, courts, colleagues, and society. It also explores the important relationship between the Bar and the Bench and the legal framework for maintaining professional discipline.

Unit I: Development and Regulation of Legal Profession in India

- Historical development of the legal profession in India
- Constitution, functions, powers, and jurisdiction of:
 - State Bar Councils
 - Bar Council of India
- Admission and enrolment of advocates
- Advocates Act, 1961: Important provisions

Unit II: Professional Ethics and Duties of Advocates

- Concept of professional ethics and advocacy
- Standards of professional conduct and etiquette
- Conflict between interest and duty
- Duties of an advocate:
 - Duty to the court
 - Duty to the client
 - Duty to opponent
 - Duty to colleagues
 - Duty to society
- Obligation to render legal aid

Unit III: Bench–Bar Relationship and Professional Misconduct

- Bench–Bar relations: Concept and importance
- Reciprocity and cooperation in the administration of justice
- Rights, privileges, and immunities of advocates
- Concept of professional misconduct:
 - Meaning and examples
 - Disciplinary actions and authorities under the Advocates Act

Unit IV: The Contempt of Courts Act, 1971

- Historical development and object of the Act
- Constitutional validity of the law of contempt
- Definition and types of contempt:
 - Civil and criminal contempt
- Contempt by:
 - Judges
 - Magistrates
 - Lawyers
 - Other persons
- Cognizance and procedure in contempt cases
- Appellate provisions
- Defences available under the Act
- Punishment and remedies against punishment for contempt

Cases

1. Rajendra V Pai v Alex Fernandes AIR 2002 SC 1808
2. In re; A, an advocate AIR 1962 SC 1337
3. In re; Mr. G. a Senior Advocate of SC AIR 1954 SC 557
4. In re; Lalit Mohan Das AIR 1957 SC 250
5. Sheo Narayan Jafa v Judge Allahabad H.C. AIR 1953 SC 368
6. P.J. Ratnam v Kanikaran AIR 1964 SC 224
7. In re; “ M” an Adovate AIR 1957 SC 149
8. L.D. Jaisingham v Narain das N Punjabi (1976) I SCC 354
9. John D’Souza v Edward Ani (1994) 2 SCC 64
10. In re; V.C. Mishra AIR 1995 SC 2348

Acts

1. The Advocate Act, 1961
2. Contempt of Court Act. 1971
3. The Advocates Welfare Fund Act, 2001

Rule

The Bar Council of India Rules, 1961. In this Paper, there shall be a written examination of 80 marks by the university, and 20 marks will be awarded on the basis of a case study and viva-voce.

Suggested Reading:

- Navneet Vibhaw (2023), Professional Ethics for Lawyers, Lexis Nexis.
- Myneni S.R. (2020), Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bar Bench Relation, Asia Law Book.
- Subramanian R. (2017), Professional Ethics, 2E, Oxford university Press.
- Sirohi JPS & Sunil Sirohi (2006), Professional Ethics, Lawyer's Accountability, Bench- Bar Relationship, ALA
- Shree Avrom (1994), Advocacy, Universal, Delhi
- Evam Keith (1994), The Golden Rules of Adovacy. 1994, Universal, Delhi
- राय कैलाश (2023), विधिक आचार, अधिवक्ताओं की जबाबदेही एवं बेंच-बॉर सम्बन्ध, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- सिंह वंशीधर (2020), वृत्तिक आचार, अधिवक्ता की जबाबदेही और एवं बॉर-बेंच सम्बन्ध, यूनिवर्सिटी बुक हाउस प्रा० लि०, जयपुर।
- चतुर्वेदी मुरलीधर (2014), वृत्तिक नीतिशास्त्र, अधिवक्ता की जबाबदेही और न्यायपीठ से उसके सम्बन्ध, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://www.tndalu.ac.in/econtent/49 Professional Ethics.pdf>
- <https://lawnotes.co/category/llb/professional-ethics-and-professional-accounting-system/>

LL.B. Fifth Semester

PAPER – I ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Paper Code: LL.B. 501

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The objective of this paper is to provide a foundational understanding of the evolution, scope, and structure of Administrative Law in India. It aims to familiarize students with concepts such as delegated legislation, principles of natural justice, government liability, and judicial control through writs and tribunals. Special emphasis is placed on mechanisms for public accountability and citizen access, such as PIL, Lokpal, and RTI.

Unit I: Introduction to Administrative Law

- Evolution and Development of Administrative Law
- Nature and Scope of Administrative Law
- Rule of Law and Its Application in India
- Doctrine of Separation of Powers – Indian Perspective
- Relationship between Constitutional Law and Administrative Law

Unit II: Delegated Legislation & Principles of Fairness

- Delegated Legislation: Need, Types, and Constitutional Validity
- Control Mechanisms over Delegated Legislation:
 - Legislative
 - Judicial
 - Procedural
- Principles of Natural Justice:
 - Audi Alteram Partem
 - Nemo Judex in Causa Sua
- Administrative Discretion and its Control
- Administrative Tribunals: Concept, Growth, and Relevance

Unit III: Liability & Public Remedies

- Government Liability in Torts and Contracts
- Statutory Immunity and Government Privilege in Legal Proceedings
- Doctrines of Estoppel and Waiver
- Public Interest Litigation (PIL): Concept, Evolution, and Role in Good Governance

Unit IV: Judicial Control & Accountability Mechanisms

- Judicial Remedies:
 - Writs (Article 32 and 226)
 - Injunction

- Declaratory Suits
- **Institutions of Accountability:**
 - Lokpal and Lokayukta
 - Right to Information Act, 2005
- **Limitations of Judicial Review and Emerging Trends**

Suggested Reading:

- Rai Kailash (2023), Administrative Law, Allahabad Agency.
- Takwani C.K. (2023), Lecture on Administrative Law, Eastern Book Co.
- Massey I. P. (2022), Administrative Law, Eastern Book Co.
- Myneni S.R. (2021), Administrative Law, Asia Law House, Hyderabad.
- Jain M.P. & S.N. Jain (2021), Principles of Administrative Law, Lexis Nexis, Universal Delhi.
- Thakkar C.K. (2012), Administrative Law, Eastern Book Co.
- Sathe S.P. (2004), Administrative Law, Lexis Nexis.
- टाकवानी सी.के. (2022), प्रशासनिक विधि, ईस्टर्न बुक कम्पनी, लखनऊ।
- केसरी यू.पी.डी. (2021), प्रशासनिक विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- उपाध्याय जय.जय. राम (2020), प्रशासनिक विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://bvbellsadlawcollege.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/Administrative-Law.pdf>

LL.B. Fifth Semester

PAPER – II ENVIRONMENTAL LAW Paper Code: LL.B. 502

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

The objective of this paper is to impart a foundational understanding of environmental challenges and laws in India. It aims to familiarize students with major legislations such as the Water Act, Environment Protection Act, and National Green Tribunal Act, while also promoting awareness of constitutional provisions, sustainable development, and environmental jurisprudence.

Unit I: Introduction and Constitutional Framework

- Environmental Problems: Nature, Scope, and Dimensions
- Pollution: Types and Causes (Air, Water, Noise, Soil)
- Concept of Sustainable Development
- Constitutional Provisions Relating to Environment (Art. 48A, 51A(g))
- Judicial Activism and Environmental Protection
- **Important Doctrines:**
 - Precautionary Principle
 - Polluter Pays Principle
 - Public Trust Doctrine
 - Principle of sustainable development
 - Environmental Impact Assessment
 - Inter-Generational Equity

Unit II: The Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974

- Definitions under the Act
- Central and State Pollution Control Boards: Constitution, Powers, and Functions
- Powers to Take Samples of Effluents
- Citizen Suit Provision and Penalties

Unit III: Key Environmental Statutes

- **The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986:** Powers of the Central Government, Prevention and Control Measures
- **The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010:** Constitution, Jurisdiction, Powers and Procedure, Appellate Authorities

Unit IV: Forests and Wildlife Protection Laws

- **Indian Forest Act, 1927:** Kinds of Forests – Private, Reserved, Protected, Village Forests
- **Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980:** Restrictions on De-reservation and Use of Forest Land
- **Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972:**
 - Authorities to be Constituted
 - Protection of Wild Animals and Plants
 - Regulation of Hunting, Trade, and Commerce in Animal Articles and Trophies

Important Acts to be Referred:

1. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
2. The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
3. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
4. The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010
5. The Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980
6. The Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972

Suggested Reading:

- Swami Maheshwara N. (2022), Text book on Environmental Law, Asia Law House.
- Shastri S.C. (2022), Environmental Law, Eastern Book Company.
- Divan Shyam, Rosencranz, Armin (2022), Oxford University Press.
- Leela Krishnan P.(2018), Environmental Law in India, Lexis Nexis.
- प्रसाद अनिरुद्ध (2023), पर्यावरण एवं पर्यावरणीय विधि की रूपरेखा, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- दूबे ए.के. (2023), पर्यावरण विधि, ईस्टर्न बुक कम्पनी, लखनऊ।
- उपाध्याय जय जयराम (2018), पर्यावरण विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेंसी, इलाहाबाद।
- सिंह सी.पी. (2013), पर्यावरण विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेंसी, इलाहाबाद।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?id=27&pid=120>
- <https://renaissancelawcollege.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/04/Environmental-Law.pdf>
- <https://lawbhoomi.com/environmental-law-notes-and-study-materials/>

LL.B. Fifth Semester

PAPER – III PENOLOGY AND VICTIMOLOGY Paper Code: LL.B. 503

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objective:

To understand the meaning, definition, and importance of criminology; explore various schools of criminology; learn the general causes of crime; comprehend punishment theories and correctional treatments; and study the police system and victimology.

Unit I: Criminology

- Definition, Nature, Scope, and Importance of Criminology
- White Collar Crime: Concept, Causes, and Prevention
- Schools of Criminology:
 - Classical & Neo-Classical
 - Lombroso and Other Theories
 - Hereditary and Mental Retardation as Causes of Crime
 - Sociological, Socialistic, Cartographic Theories

Unit II: General Causes of Crime

- Lombrosian Theory
- Psychiatric Theory
- Differential Association Theory
- Anomie Theory
- Multiple Causation Theories
- Juvenile in Conflict with Law

Unit III: Punishment

- Concept and Justification of Punishment:
 - Deterrent Theory

- Retributive Theory
- Preventive Theory
- Reformatory Theory
- Capital Punishment
- Treatment and Correction of Offenders:
 - Prison and Open-Air System
 - Probation
 - Parole
 - Indeterminate Sentence
 - Correctional Institutions

Unit IV: Police System and Victimology

- Structural Organization of Police
- Powers and Duties of Police under the Police Act and Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023
- <https://www.livelaw.in/articles/ipc-crpc-evidence-act-bharatiya-nyaya-sanhita-code-of-criminal-procedure-bharatiya-nagarik-suraksha-sanhita-mob-lynching-the-official-language-act-236183>
- Liability of Police for Custodial Violence
- Victims of Crime

Suggested Reading:

- Myneni S.R. (2023), Crime, Criminology and Penology, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Ahuja Ram, Ahuja Mukesh (2023), Criminology, Rawat Publications
- Paranjape N.V. (2021), Criminology, Penology including Victimology, Central Law Publication.
- Ponniah M. (2018), Criminology Penology, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Siddique Ahmed (2017). Criminology, Penology and Victimology, EBC Westore.
- वाबेल बसन्तीलाल (2019), इण्डिया पब्लिसिंग कम्पनी पब्लिकेशन डिविजन, रायपुर, छत्तीसगढ़।
- गुप्ता एम.एल. और डी.डी. शर्मा (2014), समाज शास्त्र, साहित्य भवन, आगरा।
- पराजपे एन.पी. (2021), अपराधशास्त्र एवं प्रपीडनशास्त्र, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, प्रयागराज।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=121>
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- https://sist.sathyabama.ac.in/sist_coursematerial/uploads/SAL1053.pdf

LL.B. Fifth Semester

PAPER – IV PLEADING, DRAFTING AND CONVEYANCING (CLINICAL) Paper Code: LL.B. 504

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

The objective of this course is to impart basic knowledge about the **principles of pleading**, improve **legal drafting** skills, and enhance understanding of **legal language** and **practical legal writing** through exercises in **pleading and conveyancing**.

Unit I: Fundamental Rules of Pleading

- Meaning and Definition of Pleading
- Historical Evolution, Object and Interpretation of Pleading
- General and Fundamental Rules of Pleading
- Amendment of Pleading
- **Civil Drafts:**
 - Complaint
 - Written Statement
 - Interlocutory Application
 - Original Petition
 - Affidavit
 - Execution Petition
 - Memorandum of Appeal and Revision
 - Constitutional Petitions under Article 226 and 32

Unit II: Criminal Pleading and Transfer of Property

- General Principles Governing Transfer of Immovable Property
- **Criminal Drafts:**
 - Criminal Complaint
 - Criminal Miscellaneous Petition
 - Bail Application
 - Criminal Appeal and Revision

Unit III: Model Drafting of Legal Applications

- Application for:
 - Restoration of Suit
 - Amendment in Pleading
 - Substitution of Parties
 - Setting Aside Ex Parte Decree
 - Alimony
 - Bail
 - Matrimonial Petition
 - Legal Notice
 - Appointment of Receiver/Local Commissioner
 - Compromise of Suit
 - Condonation of Delay
 - Execution of Decree
- Drafting of Writ Petition and PIL Petition

Unit IV: Conveyancing – Theory and Model Drafts

- Definition and Essential Parts of a Deed
- **Model Deeds:**
 - Sale Deed
 - Mortgage Deed
 - Gift Deed
 - Will
 - Trust Deed
 - Lease Deed
 - Promissory Note
 - General Power of Attorney
 - Partnership Deed
 - Tenancy Deed
 - Relinquishment Deed

Note on Practical Component:

- Students are required to complete:
 - **15 Exercises in Drafting (Pleading)**
 - **15 Exercises in Conveyancing**
- **Assessment:**
 - **University Written Examination:** 60 Marks
 - **Internal Assessment:** 40 Marks
 - Record File (Practical File): 30 Marks
 - Viva-Voce (by External & Internal Examiner): 10 Marks

Suggested Reading:

- Sarkar S.K. (2022), Guide to Drafting Pleading & Conveyancing, Premier Publishing Company.
- Sharma Y.S.(2023), The law of Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing, University book house pvt. Ltd.
- Srivastava K.K. (2018), The Law of Pleading, Drafting and Conveyancing, CLA.
- Dhingra S.N. & G.C. Mogha (2013), Law & Pleadings in India, Eastern Law House.
- Chaturvedi R.N.(2018), Pleadings, Draftings & Conveyance, Central Law Publications.
- Singh V.P. (2022), Forensic Science, Lexis Nexis, New Delhi.
- दीक्षित एस.सी. (2020), अभिवचन, प्रारूपण एवं हस्तान्तरण पत्र लेखन, तथा निर्णय लेखन के प्रारूप, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- पाण्डेय ए.एन. (2018), अभिवचन तथा प्रलेखशास्त्र, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- शर्मा वाई.एस. (2017), अभिवचन, प्रारूपण तथा अभिहस्तान्तरण, यूनिवर्सल बुक हाउस प्राइवेट लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली।
- अग्रवाल मुकेश (2017), अभिवचन, प्रारूपण तथा हस्तान्तरण –पत्र लेखन, यूनिवर्सल बुक हाउस प्राइवेट लिमिटेड, नई दिल्ली।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/Drafting_Apperances_Pleadings_NewSyllabus.pdf.pdf
- <https://yusuflaw.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/Law-on-Drafting-Pleading-Conveyancing-YAL.pdf>

LL.B. Fifth Semester

(Elective Paper-I)

PAPER – V HUMAN RIGHTS LAW AND PRACTICE Paper Code: LL.B. 505-A

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

To provide an understanding of the concept, nature, and significance of Human Rights. To explore the relationship between legal rights and human rights, and examine both international and Indian legal frameworks, including constitutional protections, UN instruments, and the roles of various national commissions.

Unit I: Concept and Classification of Human Rights

- Human Rights: Meaning and Definition
- Evolution of Human Rights: Ancient Period and Natural Law Perspective
- Natural Rights and Human Rights
- Legal Rights vs. Human Rights
- Classification of Human Rights
- Importance and Scope of Human Rights

Unit II: International Human Rights Framework

- U.N. Charter and Human Rights
- Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR), 1948 and its Legal Significance
- Key Covenants and Conventions:
 - International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966
 - International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966
 - The European Convention on Human Rights, 1950
 - The American Convention on Human Rights, 1969
 - The African Charter on Human and Peoples' Rights
 - The Vienna Conference on Human Rights
 - Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment
 - Human Rights of the Aged

Unit III: Human Rights in India

- Constitutional Provisions and Human Rights
- The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993
- Judicial Activism and Human Rights Protection
- Role of NGOs in Promotion and Protection of Human Rights
- Refugees: Rights and Duties under Humanitarian Law

Unit IV: National Institutions for Human Rights

- National Human Rights Commission (NHRC)
- National Commission for Minorities
- National Commission for Safai Karamcharis
- National Commission for Women
- National Commission for Backward Classes
- National Commission for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

Relevant Acts and Documents:

1. The Charter of the United Nations
2. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948
3. The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993

Suggested Reading:

- Myneni S.R. (2023) Human Rights Law and Practice, Allahabad Central Agency.
- Sen S.N. (2022), Human Rights, Shri Sai Law Publication, Faridabad, first Edition.
- Kapoor S.K. (2021), International Law and Human Rights, 2023 Allahabad Central Law Agency.
- Awasthi and Kataria (2005), Law relating to Protection of human Rights, Orient Publishing Company, New Delhi, second Edition.
- Agrawal H. O. (2005), Human Rights, Allahabad Central Law Publication, Eighth Edition.
- Khanna D.P. (2001), Reforming on Human Rights, Manas Publication, New Delhi.
- Sharma Gokulesh (2000), Human Rights and Legal Remedies, Deep and Deep Publication Company Limited, New Delhi, First Edition.
- Chandra Umesh (2000), Human Rights, Allahabad Central Agency.
- Sahgal B.P. (1995), Human Rights in India, Deep and Deep Publications New Delhi.
- D.D. Basu (1994), Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi.
- त्रिपाठी टी.पी. (2023), मानवाधिकार, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- कपूर एस.के. (2022), अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि एवं मानवाधिकार, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, प्रयागराज।

- अग्रवाल एच.ओ. (2022), अन्तराष्ट्रीय विधि एवं मानवाधिकार, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, प्रयागराज।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://vidyamitra.inflibnet.ac.in/index.php/home/subjects?domain=Social+Sciences&subdomain=Human+Rights+and+Duties>
- <https://www.humanrightscareers.com/issues/human-rights-areas-of-practice/>

LL.B. Fifth Semester

(Elective Paper-II)

PAPER – V

LAND LAWS AND LAND REVENUE CODE – 2006

Paper Code: LL.B. 505-B

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objective:

To provide an understanding of the historical and statutory development of land laws in Uttar Pradesh. The course focuses on the U.P. Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms Act, U.P. Land Revenue Code, U.P. Consolidation of Holdings Act, and the Panchayati Raj framework to promote grassroots governance and dispute resolution in land matters.

Unit I: U.P. Land Revenue Code, 2006

1. Definitions, Revenue Divisions, Board and Revenue Officers
2. Revenue Court: Jurisdiction and Procedures
3. Maintenance and Revision of Revenue Records
4. Management of Land and Other Properties by Gram Sabha

Unit II: Tenures and Revenue Administration

1. Tenures: Transfer, Devolution, Division, Surrender, and Abandonment
2. Lease of Land by Gram Panchayat, Ejectment, Declaratory Suit
3. Assessment and Collection of Land Revenue
4. Penalties and Offences under the Code

Unit III: U.P. Consolidation of Holdings Act, 1953

1. Definitions, Declaration, Notification and Effects of Consolidation
2. Consolidation Courts: Constitution and Powers
3. Consolidation Scheme: Objection and Disposal Mechanism
4. Statement of Principles and Finalization of Scheme

Unit IV: U.P. Panchayati Raj Act, 1947

1. Establishment, Constitution, Meetings and Functions of Gram Sabha
2. Gram Panchayat: Powers, Duties and Eligibility of Members
3. Nyay Panchayat: Establishment, Election, Appointment and Tenure of Panch; Powers and Duties of Sarpanch
4. Judicial Powers of Nyay Panchayat in Land and Revenue Matters

Relevant Statutes/Acts:

1. The U.P. Land Revenue Code, 2006
2. The U.P. Consolidation of Holdings Act, 1953
3. The U.P. Panchayati Raj Act, 1947

Suggested Reading:

- Maurya R.R. (2023), Uttar Pradesh Land Laws. CLA.
- Swamy N. Maheshwara (2023), Land Laws under the Constitution, Asia Law House, Hyderabad.
- Myneni S.R. (2022), Land Laws, Asia Law House, Hyderabad.
- Singh Promod Kumar (2021), A to Z Laws of Land and Property Disputes, Capital Publication House.
- Padma T. & K.P.C. Rao (2021), The Principles of Land Laws, LT Publication.
- प्रसाद, राधा मोहन (2023), भूमि विधि: प्रश्न एवं समाधान, प्रीतम लॉ हाउस, पटना, बिहार।
- चौधरी रामनरेश (2023), उत्तर प्रदेश, राजस्व संहिता-2006, विस्तृत विवेचन, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- रंगा, ओ.पी. (2020), भूमि रिकार्ड व राजस्व कानून, सिंगला लॉ एजेन्सी, चण्डीगढ़।
- मौर्य, आर.आर. (2017), उत्तर प्रदेश भूमि विधियाँ, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- https://bor.up.nic.in/pdf/Proposed_Amendment_English.pdf
- https://udrc.lkouniv.ac.in/Content/DepartmentContent/SM_580b24cb-ac52-4ec1-9819-3fde47193d36_30.pdf

LL.B. Fifth Semester

(Elective Paper-III)

PAPER – V LAW OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Paper Code: LL.B. 505-C

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objectives

The course aims to provide an understanding of the fundamental concepts, objectives, and historical development of Intellectual Property Law. It further focuses on the procedures for registration and the rights granted under Patent, Trademark, Design, and Copyright laws. The course also analyzes the remedies available in cases of infringement and the mechanisms for their enforcement. Additionally, it explores the challenges faced by Intellectual Property Law in the digital era and highlights the role of international agreements in shaping IP protection globally.

Unit I: Patent Law – Concept and Procedure

- Meaning, definition, and objectives of patent law
- Historical development of patent law in India
- Patentable and non-patentable inventions
- Application process: True and First Inventor, Specifications, Priority Date
- Publication, examination, opposition, and grant of patents
- Term of patent, joint inventors, and compulsory licensing

Unit II: Patent Rights, Infringement & Digital Age

- Rights of the patentee: Use, licensing, assignment, surrender
- Transfer of patents: Assignment and licensing – types and validity
- Infringement: Acts, exceptions, and the doctrine of pith and marrow
- Legal remedies: Injunctions, damages, and suits
- Patents in the digital age: Software patents, cloning (Dolly case)
- Role and qualifications of patent agents

Unit III: Trade Marks and Design Law

- Introduction to trade marks and registration procedure
- Rights conferred by registration and infringement remedies
- Licensing, assignment, and the role of the IPAB
- Introduction to design law and its importance
- Registration of designs and rights of the design holder
- Infringement of design rights and legal remedies

Unit IV: Copyright Law and International Treaties

- Nature, scope, and subject matter of copyright

- Ownership, assignment, licensing, and term of protection
- Infringement, fair use provisions, and internet piracy
- Key international conventions:
 - Berne Convention
 - WIPO Copyright Treaty
 - TRIPS Agreement

Suggested Readings

- Singh Rakesh Kumar & Arunabh Banerjee (2022) – *Intellectual Property Rights*, Lexworth Gogia Law Agency.
- Ramanujan Adaesh (2020) – *Patent Law: Cases and Materials*.
- Ahuja V.K. (2017) – *Law Relating to Intellectual Property Rights*, Lexis Nexis.
- Durafe Asha Vijay & Dhanshree Toradmal (2020) – *Intellectual Property Rights*, Dreamtech Press.
- Mishra J.P. (2013) – *An Introduction to Intellectual Property Rights*, Central Law Publication.
- Singh Avtar (2013) – *Intellectual Property Law*, Eastern Book Company.
- Wadera B.L. (2015) – *Law Relating to Patents, Trade Marks, Copyright, Designs & Geographical Indications*, Universal Law Publishing.

LL.B. Sixth Semester

PAPER – I

PRINCIPLES OF TAXATION LAW

Paper Code: LL.B. 601

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objective

The course aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of the history and fundamental principles of taxation. It introduces students to the concepts of direct and indirect taxes, with a special focus on the Income Tax Act, 1961, and the Goods and Services Tax (GST) Act, 2017. It also familiarizes students with tax administration, procedures of assessment, and the appellate framework.

Unit I: General Principles of Taxation

- Historical development of taxation in India
- Concept and characteristics of taxation
- Constitutional provisions relating to taxation
- Taxation and freedom of trade, commerce and intercourse
- Distribution of taxation powers between Centre and States
- Difference between tax and fee
- Canons of taxation and characteristics of a good tax system
- Concepts of tax evasion and tax avoidance

Unit II: Income Tax Act, 1961

- Key definitions: Income, Agricultural Income, Assessment Year, Previous Year, Person, Assessee
- Residential status and tax incidence
- Heads of income:
 - Salaries
 - Income from house property
 - Profits and gains of business or profession
 - Capital gains
 - Income from other sources
- Clubbing of income

Unit III: Income Tax Authorities – Powers and Functions

- Appointment and hierarchy of income tax authorities
- Powers and procedure for assessment
- Search and seizure provisions
- Appeals, revisions, and references
- Mechanism for grievance redressal

Unit IV: Goods and Services Tax (GST)

- Historical development and transition to GST
- Current structure of indirect taxes in India (Central and State)
- Meaning, definition, and salient features of GST
- Appointment, powers, and functions of GST officers
- Powers of inspection, search, seizure, and arrest under GST
- Registration: Procedure, amendment, cancellation, and suspension
- Appeals: Before GST Authorities, High Courts, and the Supreme Court

Prescribed Legislations

- The Income Tax Act, 1961
- The Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017

Suggested Reading:

- Raj Kailash (2023), Taxation Laws, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Pathak ji Neha (2023), Principles of Taxation Laws, Taxmann Publication.
- Ratan Jyoti (2022), Taxation Law & Bharat Law House.
- Myneni S.R. (2019), Law of Taxation, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Kumar Atal (2017), Taxation Law, Central Law Publication.
- Iyenger Sampat (1998), Law of Income Tax.
- मेहरोत्रा एच.सी.ए एस.पी. गोयल (2023–24), कराधान, सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार, साहित्य भवन पब्लिकेशन, आगरा।
- मेहरोत्रा एच.सी.ए एस.पी. गोयल (2022–23), आयकर कर नियोजन एवं प्रबन्ध, साहित्य भवन पब्लिकेशन, आगरा।
- जैन आर.के., आर.आर. शर्मा (2023), आयकर विधि एवं व्यवहार, साहित्य भवन पब्लिकेशन, आगरा।
- चडढा संजीव कुमार, शैलेश कुमार सिंह (2021), कराधान विधि के सिद्धान्त, शान्दिल्य पब्लिकेशन, नई दिल्ली।
- <https://www.scribd.com/document/452639454/Sem-V-Principles-of-Taxation-Law>
- https://lawfaculty.du.ac.in/userfiles/downloads/LLBCM/VIth%20Term_Principles%20of%20Taxation%20Law_LB%20604_2023.pdf

LL.B. Sixth Semester

PAPER – II

COPYRIGHT

Paper Code: LL.B. 602

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The objective of this course is to understand the development of intellectual property law at the international level, with a particular focus on copyright. It explores the key international instruments and treaties, the subject matter of copyright, and the principles governing its protection, enforcement, and infringement.

Unit I: Introduction to Intellectual Property and International Framework

- Meaning and scope of Intellectual Property
- International Instruments related to IPR:
 - Paris Convention
 - TRIPS Agreement
 - WIPO (World Intellectual Property Organization)
 - UNESCO

Unit II: The Copyright Act, 1957

- Definition and historical background of copyright law
- Overview and features of the Copyright Act, 1957
- Leading international conventions:
 - Berne Convention
 - Universal Copyright Convention
 - International copyright protection under Indian law

Unit III: Subject Matter of Copyright

- Copyright in literary, dramatic, and musical works
- Copyright in sound recordings and cinematograph films
- Copyright in computer programs
- Ownership and authorship of copyright
- Author's special rights (Moral rights)
- Rights of broadcasting organizations and performers
- Duration/term of copyright

Unit IV: Administration and Enforcement

- Copyright Registrar and Copyright Board: Powers and procedures
- Copyright societies: Role and registration
- Assignment and licensing of copyright
- Infringement of copyright:
 - Criteria and types (literary, dramatic, film works)
 - Infringement through importation
 - Fair use provisions and limitations on copyright

Prescribed Act

- The Copyright Act, 1957

Suggested Readings:

- Narayanan, P. (2021), *Law of Copyright and Industrial Designs*, Eastern Law House.
- V.K. Ahuja (2023), *Law of Copyright and Neighbouring Rights: National and International Perspectives*, LexisNexis
- Singh Rakesh Kumar, Arunabh Banerjee (2022), *Intellectual Property Right*, Lexworth Gogia Law Agency.
- Ramanajun Adaesh (2020), *Patent Law cases and Meterial (Generic)*.
- Ahuja V.K. (2017), *Law Relating to Intellectual Property Right*, Lexis Nexis.
- Durafe Asha VijayDhanshree Toradmal (2020), *Intellectual Property Right*, Dreamtech Press
- Mishra J.P. (2013), *An Introduction to Intellectual Property Right*, Central Law Publication.
- Singh Avtar (2013), *Intellectual Property Law*, Eastern Book Company.
- Mishra J.P. (2012), *An Introduction to Intellectual Property Right*, Central Law Publication.
- Wadera B.L.(2011), *Law relating to Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Design & Geographical Indications*, Universal Publication.
- धाकड़ ज्ञानवती (2018), *बौद्धिक सम्पदा विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद*।
- मिश्रा जयप्रकाश (2013), *बौद्धिक सम्पदा अधिकार—एक परिचय, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद*।
- सिंह चन्द्र प्रकाश (2012), *बौद्धिक सम्पदा विधि, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद*।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://www.slideshare.net/sarat68/ipr-copy-rights-in-econtent-developmentpptx>
- <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/c/copyright.asp>

LL.B. Sixth Semester

PAPER – III

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (CLINICAL)

Paper Code: LL.B. 603

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = **100 Total**

Objective

The objective of this course is to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) mechanisms as efficient alternatives to traditional litigation. The course aims to simplify the complexities of the judicial system by exploring various negotiation and settlement techniques used to resolve disputes amicably.

Unit I: Concept, Need, Development, and Advantages of ADR

- Concept and need for ADR in the justice delivery system
- Historical development and advantages of ADR
- Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996: Objects, development, and salient features
- Arbitration: Definition, sources, kinds, scope, and distinction from court litigation
- Arbitration agreement: Essential elements and validity
- Composition and qualifications of the arbitral tribunal

Unit II: Arbitral Tribunal and Proceedings

- Jurisdiction and powers of the arbitral tribunal
- Conduct of arbitral proceedings: procedural fairness and rules
- Making, form, and contents of the arbitral award
- Termination and correction of arbitral proceedings and awards
- Confidentiality and ethics in arbitration

Unit III: Recourse and Enforcement of Arbitral Awards

- Grounds and procedure for challenging arbitral awards (setting aside)
- Finality and binding nature of arbitral awards

- Enforcement of domestic arbitral awards under Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
- Enforcement of foreign arbitral awards: New York Convention and related provisions
- Appeals and review mechanisms under the Act

Unit IV: Other ADR Mechanisms

- **Conciliation and Mediation:** Definitions, differences, procedural aspects, roles of conciliators and mediators, advantages, and challenges
- **Lok Adalat and Permanent Lok Adalat:** Objectives, legal status, jurisdiction, procedural mechanism, enforceability of awards, advantages, and limitations
- **Negotiation:** Meaning, characteristics, stages, types, and significance in dispute resolution
- **Summary Trial:** Concept, applicability, procedure, and benefits in quick dispute resolution
- **Online Dispute Resolution (ODR):** Emerging trends, procedural framework, benefits, and challenges in the digital era

Relevant Acts:

- Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996
- Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987

Suggested Reading:

- Bindal Saurabh (2023), Law of Arbitration and conciliation and Alternative dispute resolution, eastern book company.
- Tripathi S.C. (2018), Alternative Dispute Resolution, Central Law Publications.
- Saharay Madhusudan (2023), The Principles of Alternate Dispute Resolution, Alt. Publications.
- Padama T. Rao K.P.C. (2023), The Principles of Alternate Dispute Resolution, Alt. Publication.
- Tripathi S.C. (2021), Alternative Dispute Resolution, EBC, Lucknow.
- Saraf B.P. & M.Jhunhunwala (2000), Law of Arbitration & Conciliation, Snow White, Mumbai
- Rao P.C. & William Sheffied, (1997) Alternative Disputes Resolutions, Universal, Delhi
- सिंह बंशीधर (2019), अनुकल्पी विवाद निपटारा पद्धति, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन इलाहाबाद।
- खेत्रपाल बी.एस. एवं पूजा (2019), माध्यस्थम् एवं सुलह अधिनियम, 1996 ए पूजा लॉ हाउस, इन्दौर।
- सिंह अवतार (2013), माध्यस्थम्, सुलह एवं अनुकल्पी विवाद निपटान विधि, इस्टर्न बुक कम्पनी, लखनऊ।
- मिश्रा देवेन्द्रनाथ (2011), माध्यस्थम् विधि, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?Id=27&pid=120>
- <https://www.investopedia.com/terms/a/alternative-dispute-resolution.asp>
- https://legallaffairs.gov.in/sites/default/files/arbitration-and-mediation_0.pdf

LL.B. Sixth Semester
PAPER – IV
MOOT COURT EXERCISE AND INTERNSHIP (CLINICAL)

Paper Code: LL.B. 603

Credits: 4

Marks: 100

Objective

The objective of the course is to familiarize students with the Moot Court exercise, enhance their understanding through observation of trials in both civil and criminal cases, and develop practical skills in interviewing techniques and maintaining an internship diary. This hands-on experience aims to bridge the gap between theoretical knowledge and real-world legal practice.

Practical Exercises and Evaluation Criteria:

a) Moot Court (25 Marks | 1 Credits)

- Each student shall participate in at least **three moot court exercises** based on assigned legal problems.
- For each moot court:
 - **Written submissions (15 marks):** Preparation of well-researched written memorials or briefs demonstrating legal knowledge, clarity, and presentation skills.
 - **Oral advocacy (10 marks):** Presentation before a mock court, including argument delivery, response to questions, and courtroom etiquette.
- The focus will be on legal research, drafting skills, and effective oral communication.

b) Observance of Trial (Civil and Criminal) (25 Marks | 1 Credits)

- Students are required to attend **two court trials** during their LL.B. studies—one civil and one criminal case.
- They must maintain a **detailed diary/report** recording:
 - Various procedural steps observed during court hearings
 - Roles of different participants (judge, lawyers, witnesses, parties)
 - Observations on courtroom decorum and trial dynamics
- This activity aims to familiarize students with real court procedures and the practical functioning of the judicial system.

c) Interviewing Techniques, Pre-Trial Preparations & Internship Diary (25Marks | 1 Credits)

- Each student will observe **two client interviewing sessions** conducted by a practising advocate or legal aid office.
- Students will prepare a **diary/report** documenting:
 - Techniques used in client interviews, including questioning and listening skills
 - Preparation of legal documents and court papers related to cases observed
 - Procedures for filing suits or petitions
- This component develops practical skills in client handling, documentation, and pre-trial case management.

d) Viva-Voce Examination (25 Marks | 1 Credit)

- A viva-voce will be conducted covering all the above components.
- Students will be evaluated on their understanding, reflections, and practical insights gained from moot courts, trial observations, and interviews.
- The viva also assesses communication skills and ability to critically analyze practical experiences.

Summary Table

Component	Marks	Credits
Moot Court (3 exercises)	25	1
Observance of Trial (Civil & Criminal)	25	1
Interviewing, Pre-Trial & Internship Diary	25	1
Viva-Voce Examination	25	1
Total	100	4

Suggested Reading:

- Myneni S.R. (2022), Moot Court Exercise and Internship, Asia Law House.
- Kumari Vidya T (2021), Moot Court Exercise and Internship, Asia Law House.
- Padma T. Rao K.P.C. (2020), Moot Court Observation of Trial Practical Preparation and Internship, A.L.T. Publication.
- बवेल बसन्तीलाल (2015), मूट कोर्ट, सिद्धान्त एवं व्यावहार, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- राय कैलाश (2018), मूट कोर्ट, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- गुप्त एस.पी. (2016), मूट कोर्ट (विचारण के पूर्व तैयारियों एवं विचारण की कार्यवाही में भाग लेना)ए सेन्ट्रल लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद।
- द्विवेदी दिवाकर (2020), मूट कोर्ट, टी बालाजी पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद।
- <https://www.slideshare.net/KanoonKeRakhwale/llb-law-moot-court-project-file-in-hindi-248125787>
- [https://www.ramauniversity.ac.in/online-study-material/law/ballb/ixsemester/mootcourtexerciseandinternship\(clinical\)/lecture-22.pdf](https://www.ramauniversity.ac.in/online-study-material/law/ballb/ixsemester/mootcourtexerciseandinternship(clinical)/lecture-22.pdf)

LL.B. Sixth Semester

(Elective Paper-I)

PAPER – V

BANKING LAW

Paper Code: LL.B. 605-A

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The objective of this course is to provide an understanding of the concept of banks and bankers, their functions, and classification. It covers the legal relationship between banks and customers, government control over banks, and management aspects under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. The course also examines negotiable instruments and recent developments in banking.

Unit I: Banking Concepts and Functions

- Concept of Bank and Banker
- Functions of Banks
- Classification of Banks
- Relationship between Bank and Customer
- Government Control and Regulatory Agencies
- Management, Account, and Audit of Banking Companies
- Reconstruction, Reorganization, Suspension, and Winding Up of Banks
- Social Control over Banking
- Banking Ombudsman
- Recent Trends: ATM, Internet Banking, Smart Credit Cards, Banking Frauds

Unit II: Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

- Incorporation, Capital, Management, and Business of Banking Companies
- Central Banking Functions of the Reserve Bank of India
- Collection and Furnishing of Credit Information
- Control of RBI over Non-Banking Financial Institutions
- Credit Control Mechanisms by RBI
- General Provisions and Penalties

Unit III: Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

- Definition and Characteristics of Negotiable Instruments
- Types of Negotiable Instruments
- Definition and Essentials of Promissory Note, Bill of Exchange, and Cheque
- Liabilities and Capacity of Parties
- Holder and Holder in Due Course
- Transfer and Negotiation of Negotiable Instruments

Unit IV: Cheques and Endorsements

- Crossing of Cheques and Payment
- Dishonor of Cheques: Presentment, Payment, Noting, and Protest
- Endorsement: Definition, Essentials, and Types
- Rules of Evidence and Compensation

Suggested Reading:

- Gurusamy S. (2023), A Text Book of Banking and Insurance, Vijay Nicole.
- Chaudhary R.M. (2022), Banking Laws, Central Law Publications.
- Kumar Sunil (2020), Essentials of banking and Insurance, JSR Publishing House.
- Singh Avtar (2007), Law of Banking & negotiable instruments: An Introduction EBC, Lucknow.
- Tannen, M.L. Jannen's (2000), Banking Law & Practice in India,
- Gupta S.N. (1999), The Banking Law in Theory & Practice
- Bashyam and Adiga, (1997), The Negotiable Instrument Act
- चतुर्वेदी ममता (2023), आधुनिक बैंकिंग विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद ।
- चौधरी रामनरेश (2021), बैंकिंग विधि, इलाहाबाद लॉ एजेन्सी, इलाहाबाद ।
- जयसल डॉ० आर०बी० (2015), बैंकिंग विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद ।
- गुप्ता डॉ० एच.पी. (2013), बैंकिंग विधि, सेन्ट्रल लॉ पब्लिकेशन, इलाहाबाद ।
- <https://www.mgkvp.ac.in/Departmenthome/ProfessorLecture?id=27&pid=120>
- https://www.tndalu.ac.in/econtent/3_Banking_Law.pdf
- <https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/publications/9.1%20Banking%20Law%20-Professional.pdf>

LL.B. Sixth Semester

(Elective Paper-II)

PAPER –V

U.P. Urban Buildings (Regulation of Letting, Rent and Eviction) Act, 1972

Paper Code: LL.B. 605-B

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective:

To impart knowledge about the legal framework governing the regulation of letting, rent control, and eviction of tenants in urban areas of Uttar Pradesh, and to equip students with an understanding of the rights and obligations of landlords and tenants, exemptions, and appellate procedures.

Unit I: Introduction and Definitions

- Historical background and need for rent control legislation
- Object and scope of the Act
- Definitions under Section 3:
 - Building, landlord, tenant, standard rent, family, and essential services
- Application of the Act (Section 2): To which buildings and areas the Act applies
- Exemptions under Section 2(2) and Section 2(5)

Unit II: Regulation of Letting and Rent Control

- Restrictions on letting: Requirement of vacancy notice (Section 15)
- Allotment procedure and power of District Magistrate
- Determination and fixation of rent (Sections 4–9)
- Standard rent and fair rent
- Protection of tenants from arbitrary rent increase
- Enhancement and maintenance charges

Unit III: Eviction of Tenants

- Grounds for eviction under Section 20
 - Arrears of rent
 - Sub-letting
 - Material alteration
 - Bonafide need of landlord
 - Building becoming unsafe or dilapidated
- Procedure for eviction suits and landlord's rights
- Exceptions under Section 21 (Release of building in favor of landlord)
- Comparative hardship and conditions for release

Unit IV: Authorities, Appeals and Miscellaneous Provisions

- Powers and duties of District Magistrate
- Role of Rent Control and Eviction Officers
- Appeals and revision (Section 22)
- Penalties and procedural safeguards
- Jurisdiction of civil courts
- Important judicial pronouncements
- Interaction with Civil Procedure Code and Transfer of Property Act

Recommended Readings:

- *Bare Act of the U.P. Urban Buildings (Regulation of Letting, Rent and Eviction) Act, 1972*

Suggested Readings:

- Jain, N.K. (2022), *Rent Control and Eviction Laws in Uttar Pradesh*, Central Law Agency.
- Tripathi, G.P. (2021), *The U.P. Rent Control Act*, Central Law Publications.
- Pandey, J.N. (2020), *U.P. Urban Buildings (Regulation of Letting, Rent and Eviction) Act, 1972*, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Srivastava, R.D. (2022), *Commentary on U.P. Urban Buildings Act*, Law Publishers (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- Shukla, S.N. (2021), *Urban Rent Control Law in U.P.*, Eastern Book Company.
- Bare Act (Latest Edition), *U.P. Urban Buildings (Regulation of Letting, Rent and Eviction) Act, 1972*, Government of India Publication.
- Relevant Case Law Digests – Supreme Court and Allahabad High Court decisions interpreting key provisions.

LL.B. Sixth Semester

(Elective Paper-III)

PAPER –V

U.P. Municipalities Act, 1916

Paper Code: LL.B. 605-C

Credits: 3+1

Marks: 75 (University Exam) + 25 (Internal Assessment) = 100 Total

Objective

The objective of this paper is to provide a comprehensive understanding of the legal framework governing urban local bodies under the U.P. Municipalities Act, 1916. The course aims to acquaint students with the constitution, powers, functions, and responsibilities of municipalities in Uttar Pradesh. It also seeks to develop insights into the financial administration, role of municipal officers, enforcement mechanisms, and the judicial interpretation of various provisions. This knowledge is essential for understanding urban governance and the role of law in ensuring effective municipal administration.

Unit I: Introduction and Constitution of Municipalities

- Historical background and objectives of municipal governance in U.P.
- Definition and classification of Municipalities (Municipal Board, Municipal Council, Nagar Panchayat)
- Constitution of Municipal Boards: Composition, election, nomination, term, and disqualification of members
- Powers, duties, and functions of the President and Vice-President
- Constitution, powers, and functions of various committees

Unit II: Powers, Duties, and Functions of Municipal Boards

- General powers and functions of the Municipality
- Obligatory and discretionary functions
- Power to make bye-laws and regulations
- Functions related to public health, sanitation, water supply, streets, and public amenities
- Powers regarding education, welfare, and town planning
- Control of the State Government over Municipal Boards

Unit III: Financial Administration and Municipal Property

- Sources of income: taxes, fees, grants-in-aid
- Procedure for imposition and collection of taxes
- Preparation and approval of municipal budgets
- Municipal accounts and audit
- Property and contracts of municipalities
- Liabilities and responsibilities of municipalities

Unit IV: Municipal Officers, Penalties, and Legal Proceedings

- Municipal staff: Chief Executive Officer, Executive Officer, and other officers
- Powers and responsibilities of municipal officers
- Offences under the Act and penalties for non-compliance
- Dispute resolution and appeals under the Act
- Suspension and supersession of Municipal Boards
- Legal protection for actions taken in good faith
- Recent amendments and judicial interpretations

Acts to be Studied:

- *The U.P. Municipalities Act, 1916* (with latest amendments)

Suggested Readings:

- Srivastava, R.D. (2022), *Commentary on U.P. Municipalities Act*, Law Publishers (India) Pvt. Ltd.
- Tiwari, H.N. (2021), *Law Relating to Municipalities in Uttar Pradesh*, Central Law Agency.
- Pandey, J.N. (2020), *The U.P. Municipalities Act, 1916 – A Detailed Study*, Allahabad Law Agency.
- Shukla, S.N. (2021), *Local Self-Government and Municipal Law*, Eastern Book Company.
- Bare Act (Latest Edition), *U.P. Municipalities Act, 1916*, Government of Uttar Pradesh Publication.
- Relevant Case Law Compilations – Supreme Court and Allahabad High Court decisions interpreting key provisions of the Act.